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FITZGERALD PEACH.



GREEN'S NURSERY COMPANY

CATALOGUE,

BURBANK PLUM.

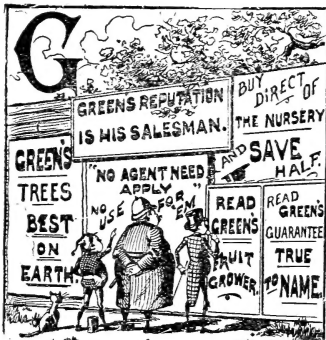
WICKSON PLUM.

SPRING 1901.

NIAGARA PEACH.

ELBERTA PEACH.

ROCHESTER, N.Y.



OUR METHOD OF DOING BUSINESS. A man of large experience advises: "If your method of doing business possesses merits out of the ordinary, let people know it." This leads us to explain our methods, which are superior to those most commonly known.

More trees are sold in this country by tree agents than in any other way. Many people who need nursery products wait for the tree agent to make his annual call, and then buy of these agents, paying more than double the price they would have to pay if they bought directly of the nurseryman who produces his trees. As years go by many people are learning that they can save money and get better trees (and truer to name) by dealing direct with the man who grows his trees.

The traveling agent or salesman, is an expensive luxury to the man who employs him. This agent receives for his services more than half the price which you pay him for that which you buy. If your bill amounts to five or ten dollars, three or five dollars of this goes to the agent as profit. When you buy direct of the producer **you save the agent's profit**, also the expenses of the man who

delivers the stock sold by the agent.

There are agents who represent reliable nurseries, but there are agents, and many of them, who pretend to represent reliable nurseries, but who really represent no nursery at all, simply picking up here and there inferior trees, etc., to sell. Since no responsible firm is behind these agents they care nothing about their trees being **true to name**. This class of fraudulent agents is doing much injury to the nursery business, and it is difficult for the buyer to know whether he is dealing with a responsible agent, or a fraudulent one.

But if you **send direct** to a reliable nursery you will secure reasonable prices, and will be more apt to get your trees **true to name** than by any other method. If you will buy direct of established nurserymen you will always know where to find them if anything goes wrong with your trees; whereas, if you buy of a wandering tree agent you never know where to find him. Any guarantee he makes is often of no value.

Our catalogue is our salesman.—We employ **no agents**, nor any person to travel for us to sell our stock, since we have for twenty years found a ready sale by simply sending out our catalogue with prices to people who apply for it. Where formerly we only had one patron of our nursery in a town we now have twenty or more patrons who have learned that we send out good trees and that they can save money by dealing directly with us.

HOW TO ORDER. This catalogue is our only salesman. Look it over, select what you want, noting down the items selected, with price for each. Then tear off order sheet found in last part of catalogue, write on it the items you want, with price of each. Then send us with the order a Money Order from your post-office for the amount, adding cost of boxing or postage. **We pack and ship all Winter to Southern States from trees stored in our large cellars.** Our Regular Spring Shipping Season opens from March to April 1st. As we are located well north we continue to ship later in the season than many nurseries. Our packing season often extends until June 1st. **Order Early** in February or March if possible. Nothing is gained by deferring it until the season is advanced. **Send payment** by Money Order on Rochester, N. Y., Registered Letter, Bank Draft or Express Money Order. Postage stamps may be sent for orders of less than \$1. **State positively** how we are to ship, whether by Freight, Express or Mail. If by Freight or Express, give name of R. R. station and your post-office. **Payment** should accompany the order; but if not with the order, payment must be sent before shipment. This is the ordinary rule of nurserymen, and is a reasonable one. We have been twenty years building up our business, and are known to the public. We have permission to refer you to Traders' National Bank, Rochester, N. Y., as to our business standing. Also to the books of Dun's Commercial Reports. We own 200 acre nursery farm and 15 acre Rochester place, capital \$75,000. **We Guarantee Stock True to Name** as follows: We sell our stock and warrant it true to name with the express understanding and agreement that should any not prove true to name, we will refund the money paid for such, or replace the stock with others that are true, but are not liable for damages other than herein named.

About Railroad Charges.—In all cases the receiver pays the express or freight when the box arrives at your station. The charges on Nursery Stock are one-fifth less than on other merchandise. Your railroad agent can tell you about what the railroad charges will be. It is very little if by freight. **You pay Cost of Boxing and Packing as follows:** On orders amounting to from \$1.00 to \$3.00 you pay us 25 cents. Orders of \$4.00 to \$5.00, 35 cents; \$6.00 to \$10.00, 75 cents; \$12.00 to \$15.00, 1.00; \$16.00 to \$20.00, 1.50. On orders of \$21.00 to \$25.00 you pay us 1.85. On larger orders one cent for each tree for boxing.

By selling for cash and dealing direct with the planter, we can afford to sell a superior article at a less price, for to do a credit business at least 15 to 20 per cent. must be added, to cover losses and office expenses. This you save by paying cash. To show good faith, we request one-fourth cash to accompany C. O. D. orders. We cannot ship C. O. D. by freight. Remit by Registered letter, Post Office Order, Express Money Order, Bank Draft or Check, payable to the order of Green's Nursery Company. **NOTE.**—You can find our responsibility by referring to any commercial agency, by asking your banker or enclosing a two-cent stamp for reply and writing to the postmaster at Rochester.

A FEW SPECIAL OFFERS FOR SPRING, 1901.

ORNAMENTAL TREES. American White Elm.—Fine, thrifty trees, 6 to 8 ft., @ 40c. each, \$4.00 per dozen.

Poplar, Lombardy.—Nice large trees, 7 to 9 ft., 30c. each, \$3.00 per dozen.

Poplar, Carolina.—Good medium sized trees, 5 to 7 ft., @ 25c. each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Horse Chestnuts.—Stocky, well rooted 3 to 4 ft. trees @ 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.

FLOWERING SHRUBS. A fine lot of Aithea (Rose of Sharon), double flowering, three colors, large bushes, 3 to 4 ft., 20c. each, \$2.00 per 12.

Deutzias.—Three varieties, large bushes ready for immediate effect; 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.

Spireas.—Four varieties, different colors; splendid large bushes, 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.

Purple Berberry and Golden Elder.—Grand foliage shrubs; 15c. each, \$1.35 per doz.

Snowball Lantana.—Not extensively known, but a good thing to have; extra large bushes, 20c. ea.

EVERGREENS. Arbor Vitæ.—Large, heavily rooted; 3 to 4 ft., 15c. each.

Norway Spruce.—Large, 3 to 4 ft., 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12; medium, 2 ft., 10c. each, \$1.00 per 12.

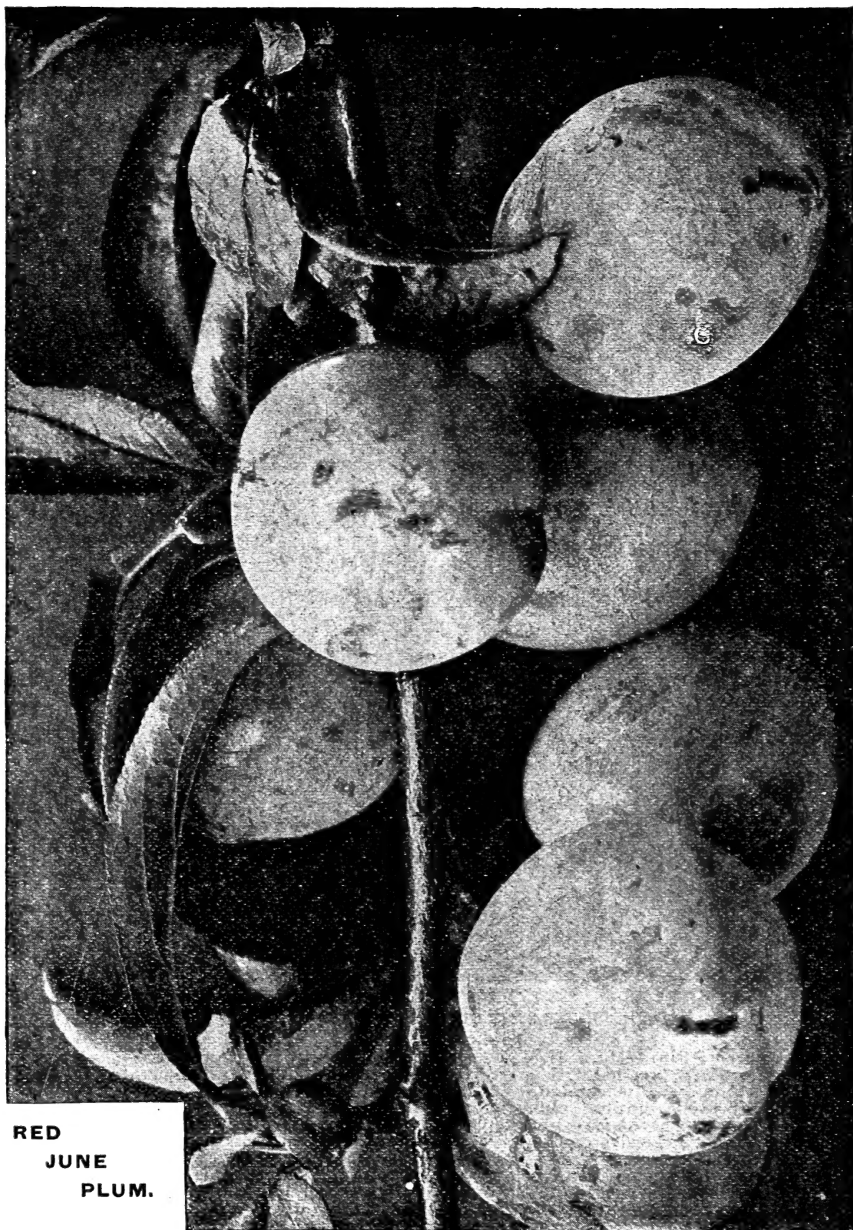
BULBS. Cladiolus.—Fine mixed colors; 10c. per 12, 50c. per 100, \$4.00 per 1000.

Horse Radish Sets.—50c. per 100, \$4.00 per 1000.

Rhubarb.—50c. per 12, \$4.00 per 100.

GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Send for our other catalogue of Ornamental Trees, etc., if you want it.



**RED
JUNE
PLUM.**

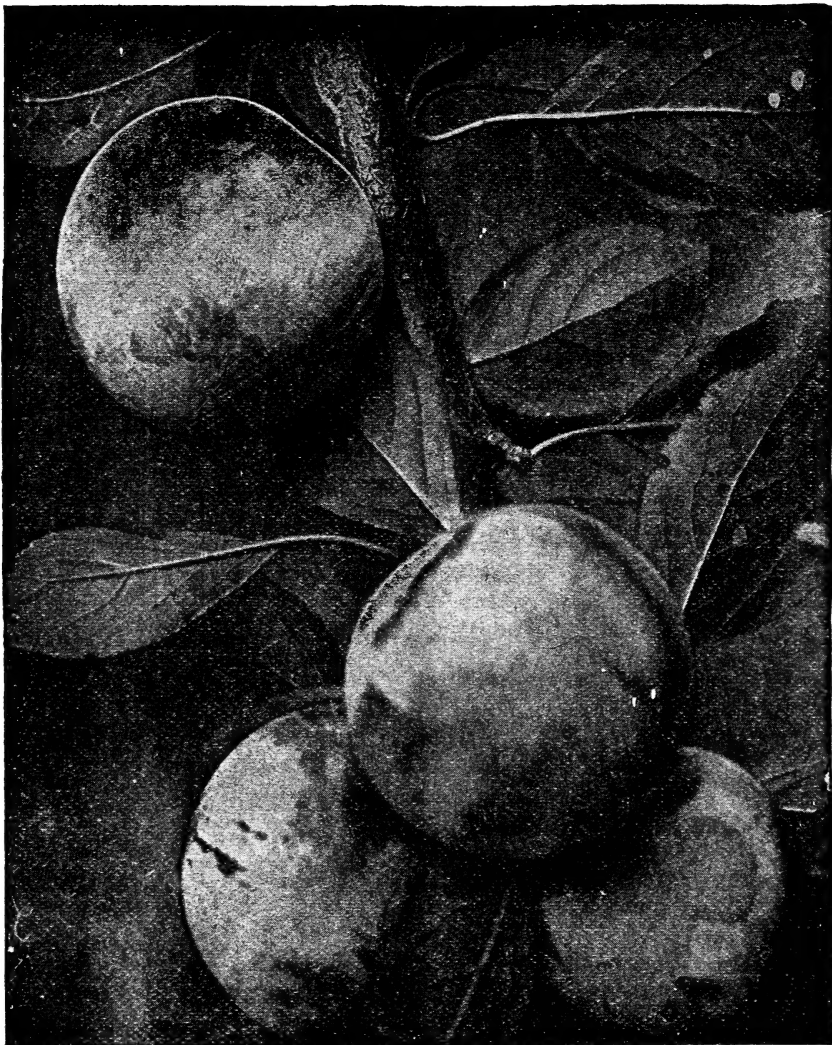
RED JUNE. A VALUABLE EARLY MARKET PLUM. (SEE COLORED PLATE ON OUTSIDE COVER.)

Red June.—A vigorous, hardy, upright, spreading tree, as productive as Abundance; fruit medium to large, deep vermillion red, with handsome bloom, very showy; flesh light lemon yellow, slightly subacid, of good and pleasant quality; half cling; pit small; ripens a few days after Willard, and is the best in quality of any of the early varieties. When a little better known, likely to be in great demand for orchard planting. Of immense value for its very early ripening. It is the best in quality of any of the early Japanese varieties and is exceptionally free from rot. The fruit is medium to large, roundish conical, deep purplish red, covered with bloom, very handsome and attractive; flesh pale yellow, firm and meaty, excellent in quality. Tree strong and spreading, immensely productive and comes into bearing in two or three years.

Price of Burbank, Abundance, Wickson, Red June, and Hale Japan Plum trees, all on plum roots: First class trees, 20c. each, \$2.00 per 12, \$16 per 100; larger trees at 25c. each, \$2.50 per 12, \$18 per 100, 50 at 100 rates; 3 to 4 feet trees, 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.



**RED JUNE PLUM
BEARING IN
NURSERY ROWS.**



HALE. JAPAN PLUM. EXCELLENT QUALITY. LATE. (SEE COVER FOR PLATE.)

The Hale Japan Plum.—Mr. J. H. Hale says that this is the most vigorous tree of all the Japans. Fruit large, bright orange, mottled with cherry red. Superb in quality, fully equal to Imperial Gage: none so fine for the family. Ripens middle of September. Its season of ripening, great size and beauty will make it the most profitable of all plums in market.

Prof. L. H. Bailey says of the Hale plum: "A very handsome large, round-ovate plum; orange, thinly overlaid with mottled red, so as to have a yellowish red appearance, or, in well-colored specimens, deep cherry-red with yellow specks; flesh yellow, soft and juicy (yet a good keeper), not stringy with a very delicious, slightly acid peachy flavor; skin somewhat sour; cling. Very late. To my taste, these specimens have been the best in quality of all the Japanese plums."

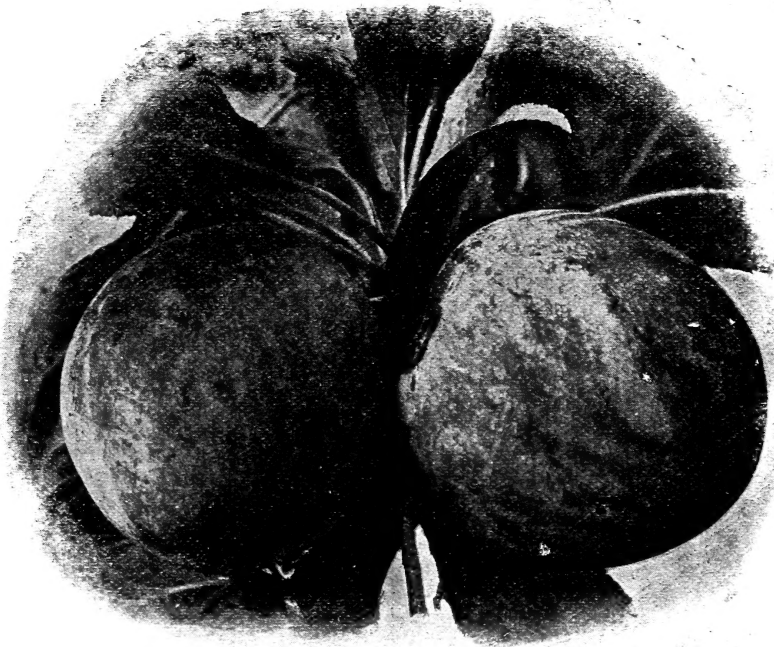
This is strong testimony as to the superior quality of the Hale plum—"the best in quality of all Japan plums." Luther Burbank, in a letter to us says: "No one who has ever tested the fruit when ripe will ever say any European plum is superior to the Hale. Imperial Gage may approach but cannot surpass it in deliciousness of flavor. It is beautiful in appearance, will keep two or three weeks after being picked, and best of all, it comes late, just after the rush of peaches and other plums is all over, and will have full swing in the markets as a fancy dessert fruit." Price, 15c., 20c. or 25c. each.

Niagara Plum.—This plum, comparatively new, has become exceedingly popular through Western New York, where it originated. It is a very early plum and particularly valuable for this reason. It is a red plum, large size, making an attractive appearance in market, and possesses good shipping qualifications. It bears enormous crops of fruit with great regularity. No one will be disappointed in planting the Niagara plum, either for home use or for market. The tree is an upright grower, vigorous and healthy. I recently

visited a plum grower in Niagara county, who was shipping one thousand baskets, daily, of the Niagara plum. He informed me that it was bringing the highest price in the market and was a veritable gold mine to him.

Moore's Arctic.—Valuable for its productiveness and extreme hardness. Fruit grown in clusters. Color, dark blue or nearly black when fully ripe. Dr. Hoskins says this is the hardest plum he has tested, and others make the same report. The heavy demand for the trees of Moore's Arctic indicates its popularity.





SEE FIRST PAGE OF COVER FOR COLORED PLATE OF BURBANK.

Burbank Japan Plum.—Succeeds splendidly at Green's fruit farm. Prof. Bailey recently says: "Burbank is a standard mid-summer variety; fruit medium in size, becoming large upon vigorous and well-thinned trees; round-oblong to oblong, the point not well marked, and the suture usually somewhat prominent; color orange-yellow, overlaid with splashes, streaks and dots of red, giving a more or less marbled appearance, but becoming more or less uniformly dense red on the cheek; flesh firm and meaty, yellow, sweet and rich, cling, the skin not sour nor unusually tough. The Burbank ripened very unevenly with us this year, some of the trees maturing their fruit only three or four days later than Abundance, whilst others were ten to eighteen days later. In 1896, it was from one to two weeks later; in 1897, it was from two to three weeks later. The tree is an exceedingly spreading, flat-topped grower and needs strong heading-in to keep it in shape. When well thinned, the fruit is large and of excellent quality, perhaps as good as any of the Japanese plums. It is also a good keeper."

Prof. H. E. Van Deman says Burbank is the best of Japan plums. A variety now well known in all the plum regions of the United States. Unsurpassed for beauty and productiveness as well as great hardness of tree, with a foliage so perfect as to contribute in an essential degree to its health. Fruit large, oval, often with a slight neck; skin reddish purple; flesh yellow, rather coarse, but juicy and good. Its beauty as a market variety is unsurpassed.

The fruit is roundish, conical, tapering to a blunt point opposite the stem; stem stout, one-half inch long; suture almost wanting; surface smooth, with but little bloom; scattering dots and streaks of russet sometimes apparent; dots numerous, brown and very small; color, reddish purple, over rich yellow which often shows through in patches; skin of medium thickness, tender, and peels from the flesh when fully ripe; flesh amber yellow, tender, juicy; flavor rich, sweet, aromatic; quality best; stones small, plump, adhering to flesh. Best of the Japan plums.—H. E. VAN DEMAN.

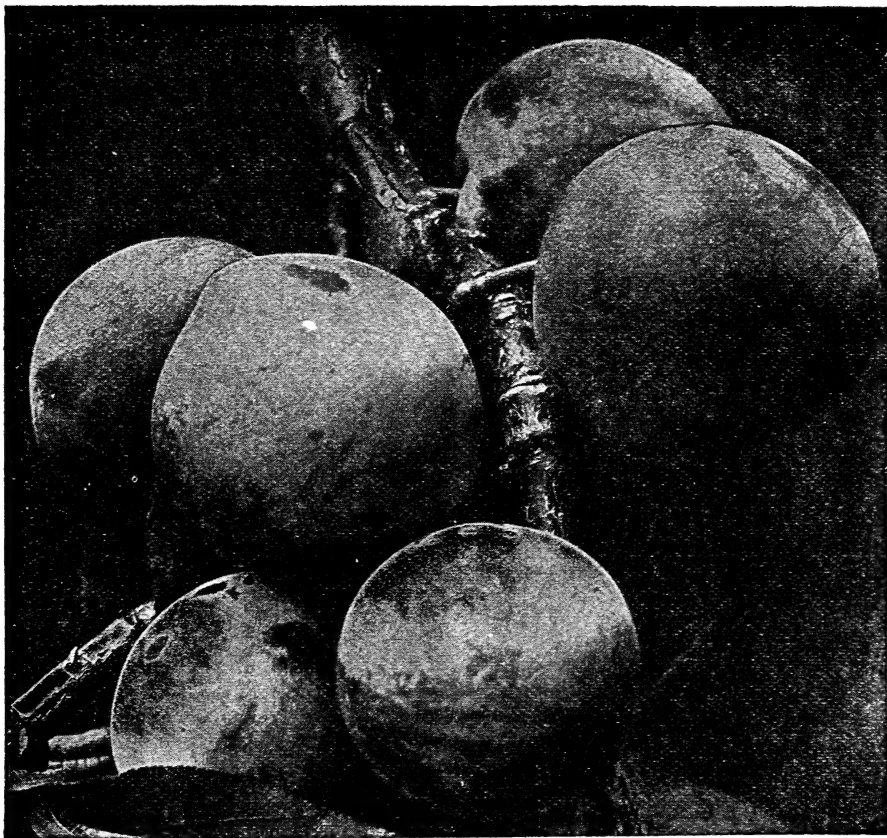
Trees of tremendous vigor, come into bearing two and three years after planting, and in such variety and season of ripening as to cover a period of nearly three months with a daily supply of most luscious plums.—J. H. HALE.

Price, 20c. for medium size, 25c. for large trees, 15c. each for small size.

Bradshaw Plum.—A very large and fine early plum, dark violet red, juicy and good. Trees erect and vigorous; very productive; valuable for market. The tree is very hardy and vigorous. As regards productiveness, it is unequalled by any plum we have ever fruited. To produce the finest fruit heavy thinning should be practiced. The quality is excellent and it is destined to become one of the most popular of all plums for canning, while its attractive color, good quality and shipping properties will cause it to be sought for as a market variety. It ripens ten days to two weeks later than Abundance. This plum resembles Niagara in size, color and general good qualities. It is a grand variety, and no collection is complete without it. It is becoming better known each year and is a great favorite for home use on account of its fine quality, and for market for the reason that it is possessed of *great beauty and large size*, and is enormously productive.

Additional Varieties.—We give below a list of varieties which are not planted in large quantities, which therefore we do not grow in large amounts as we do our leading specialties. Should you desire to plant one hundred or more of these additional varieties write us as early as possible in the season so as to enable us to secure them for you in case we should be sold out when your order is received. Prices: Medium sized, 20 cents, \$2.00 per 12, \$16 per 100; large sized, 25 cents, \$2.50 per 12, \$18 per 100. Varieties as follows: **Bavay's Green Cage** (Reine Claude), **Shipper's Pride**, **Coe's Golden Drop**, **Imperial Cage**, **Geull**, **General Hand**, **Satsuma** (Blood Japan), **Beauty of Naples**.

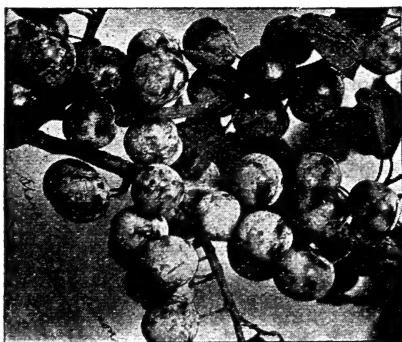
Plum Trees on Plum Roots.—Please don't forget that our plum trees are on plum roots, which are far ahead of peach roots, will last as long again.



ABUNDANCE JAPAN PLUM. RIPENS IN NEW YORK AUGUST FIRST.

The Abundance (Japan) Plum.—The Abundance is becoming more popular each season; is large, showy and beautiful. Amber, turning to a rich, bright, cherry color, with a decided white bloom, and highly perfumed. Flesh light yellow, exceedingly juicy and tender, and of delicious sweetness impossible to describe. Stone small and parts readily from flesh. *For canning it is also excellent.* Its season is early in August in this state, adding to its special value. The editor of *The Rural New Yorker* writes: "*From one little Abundance tree we picked 10 pecks of fruit. The quality is excellent. When fully ripe they are full of juice. The flesh is tender and there is mingled with the plum a peach flavor that is refreshing and agreeable.*" That the Abundance proves to be all that is claimed for it seems now a settled fact. It is to us a blessing and a revelation—a blessing that we may enjoy plums of our own raising, and a revelation in that we have never before been able to raise plums because of the curculio. August 4th, '95, *The Rural New Yorker* said: "The Abundance Japan Plum tree on our grounds is a sight to behold. The branches are wreaths of fruit, and they, as well as the tree itself are held up by props and ropes. Here we have Abundance loaded with beautiful fruit, while not a precaution has been taken to destroy the curculio. *Blessed be the Abundance! It is well named.*"

Price, 20c. for medium sized trees, 25c. for largest size, 15c. each for small sized trees.



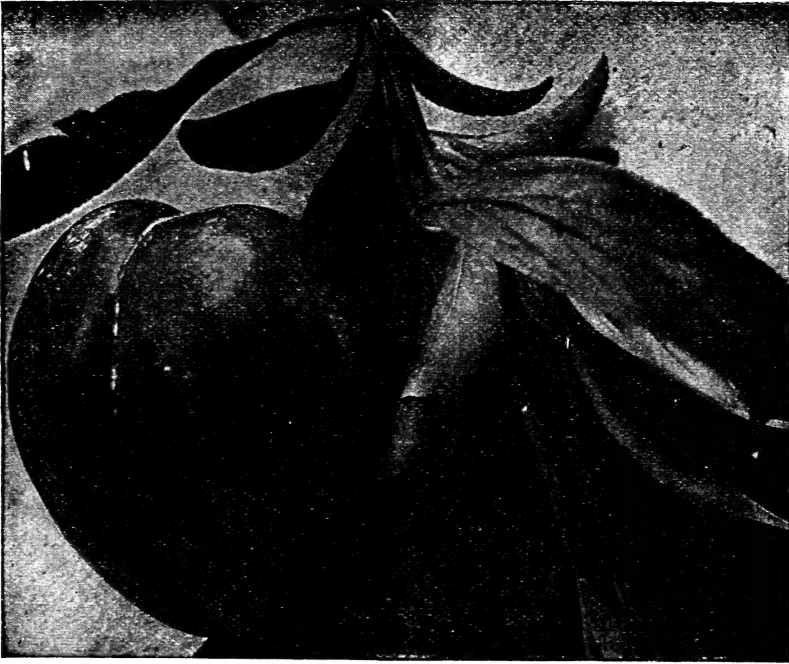
Shropshire Damson Plum.—This is the best of Damsons. These are smallish plums, produced in thick clusters or groups, almost hiding the branches from view. It is highly prized for canning and for preserving. The tree is not a rapid

grower in the nurseries, is difficult to propagate, therefore trees are usually in short supply, and are seldom sold as low as other plum trees. But we price them as low as others, 20 and 25 cents, etc. See full prices on this page. Damson plums sell at the highest prices and are best of all for canning. This is the best of all Damsons; the tree bears young and is very prolific.—C. A. Green.



German Prune.—Sells for higher prices in market on account of high quality. A leading favorite. There is no easily grown fruit that gives greater or more certain profit than the German Prune. They were introduced in this country by Germans many years ago, and for a time these furnished the only market for them. But the prune as a fruit for drying has entirely surpassed the plum, and though it is always dried

whole the seed is not troublesome to the eater.



WICKSON. LARGEST OF THE HARDY VARIETIES. (SEE FIRST PAGE OF COVER FOR COLORED PLATE OF WICKSON.)

Wickson is another of Burbank's creations, and the largest of all plums. Tree a good grower, of vase-like form, and an early and productive bearer. In several sections of the United States grafts set in 1895 fruited in 1896, showing superb specimens of fruit almost as large as turkeys' eggs. From time fruit is half-grown till nearly ripe it is of a pearly white color; quickly soft pink shadings creep over it till in a few days it is changed to a deep crimson, covered with a light bloom. For marketing purposes it may be picked when white, and will color up almost as well as though left on the tree. Pit small, flesh tender, sweet and delicious; season just following Burbank. Wickson is a very hardy variety, and one that is attracting attention everywhere on account of its large size and great beauty. Luther Burbank has done this country great service in originating such varieties as Wickson, Burbank, Red June and Hale. Price, 20c. each for medium sized trees 25c. each for largest sized trees, 15c. each for small sized trees.



HARDY NATIVE AMERICAN PLUMS.—Since it is impossible to grow the more delicate varieties of European plums in some unfavorable localities, it is gratifying to us to be able to offer to our customers in these sections a succession of native American Plums that can be relied on for certain crops of luscious fruit, all of which are considered curculio proof. These extra hardy plums can be grown with certainty in Minnesota, North Dakota or any other northern states where the hardy crab apples only succeed.

Weaver.—Fruit large, purple; prolific; regular bearer of good quality; stands severest winters. August.

Newman.—A variety of the Chickasaw family that has recently come into notice through D. L. Adair, of Kentucky. Tree healthy, hardy, vigorous and productive. Fruit medium, roundish oval; skin light scarlet, with a thin bloom;

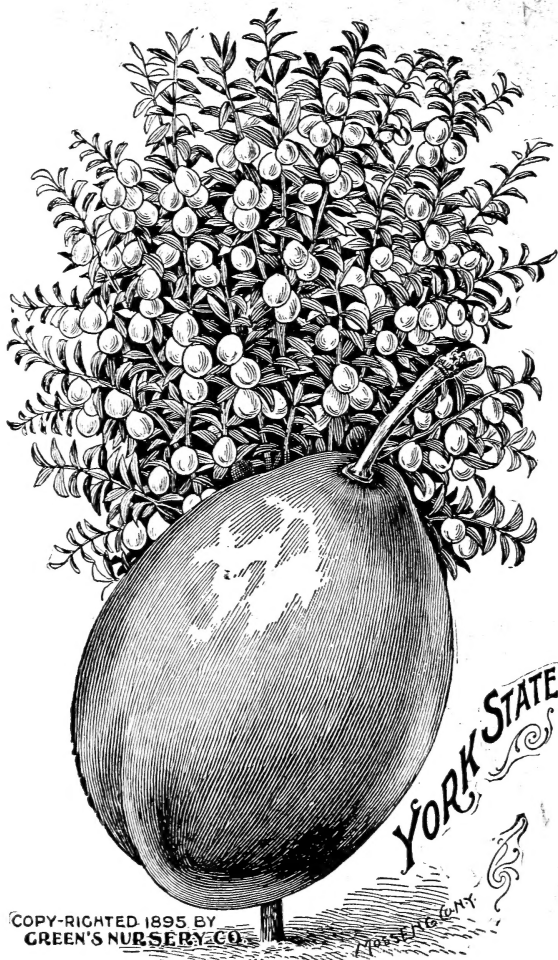
flesh, soft, light pinkish, vinous, juicy; adheres to the stone. Early August. (Downing.)
Wyant.—Trees stocky, forming round heads, of slower growth than Wolf or Weaver. Leaves medium, crisp in texture, sharply serrate, dark green; stalks pubescent and glandular. Fruit large, round-oblong, flattened at apex; cavity large and deep; color purple red on yellow ground; stem short, stout; skin thick; flesh firm, of good flavor; stone free or nearly so, large, oblong, flat. Ripe September 18.

Hawkeye.—Large, round-oblong, purple-red; skin thick; flesh firm; good; cling. Mid-season. Iowa. (Thomas.)

Cheney.—Large to very large, round-oblong; dull purple-red; skin thick; flesh firm, sweet, good; cling. Ripens in August. Wisconsin. (Thomas.)

Additional new and valuable hardy native plums: **Colonel Wilder, Hammer, Milton, Chas. Downing.** Prices, 8 to 5 feet, a little crooked, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per 12, \$12 per 100.

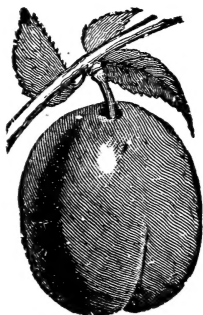
PLUM CULTURE.—I passed a young plum orchard in full bearing to-day. It was an attractive sight. The plum delights in a rich soil. The trees can be planted much closer together than apple or pear, and yet in field cultivation it is not best to crowd any kind of fruit trees; but in gardens plums will fruit well when planted ten or twelve feet apart. Plum trees bear at an early age. The yield of plums from an acre is surprising. Perhaps no fruit needs more frequent manuring than the plum, owing to the great crops of fruit it bears. It will also succeed on rich, sandy soil. Plum trees are planted about as far apart as peaches; that is, from 12 to 15 feet apart each way.



York State Prune.—(*Fellemburg, French Prune, Italian Prune*).—The Ex-President of American Association of Nurserymen is positive that this is a new variety of plum, entirely distinct from any other. While we have not offered it as a new plum it has been our opinion that it was distinct from other varieties. A large orchard near Rochester was heavily laden this year, and almost every year, and the entire crop was sold at more than twice the price of ordinary varieties. It bears shipment well; is of large size, dark blue, covered with blush, and is of superior quality. It ripens the last week in August at Rochester. It has no superior for drying or for canning. A prominent grower writes:—"I have a large orchard of York State, and 20 Fellemburg (Italian Prunes). The Italian Prunes in shape and color are the same as York State, but are smaller. I prefer it to Fellemburg. It is a third larger than German Prune. Fruit is large, dark blue, covered with bloom, very attractive in appearance, rich, juicy in quality, free stone. I have 185 trees in bearing." The plum of late years is attracting more attention than ever before. I noticed recently, a large plum orchard, owned by a successful plum grower. He did not pretend to plow the ground close to the trees, but allowed a strip along the rows to be covered with grass, although the space between the rows was thoroughly cultivated; his dwarf pears were grown in the same manner. The first three or four years, however, it was easy to cultivate close to the rows with horse cultivator and no grass was allowed to accumulate there; these trees were thrifty and healthy and have been yielding heavy crops for years. Four or five bushels of plums per tree is not an unusual crop.

Price of York State Prune trees, first class, 30c. each, \$2.50 per 12; larger size, 35c. each; \$3.50 per 12.

Lombard Plum.—The Lombard is a great favorite for the following reasons: *The tree seems to adapt itself to any locality; it is extremely hardy, producing good crops where many varieties will not grow; it is a strong growing tree—trees on*



LOMBARD.

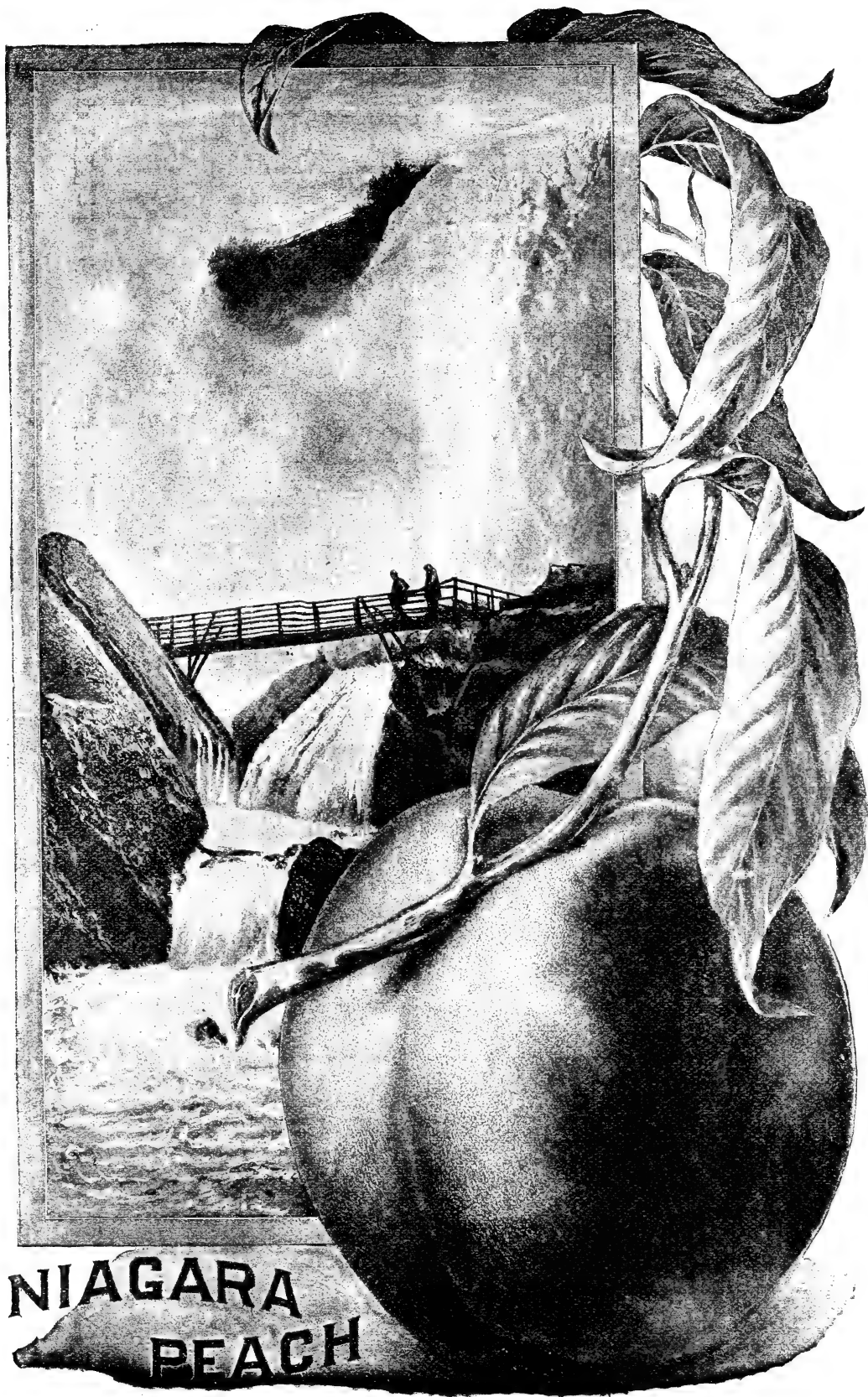
our grounds five years of age being as large again as some varieties planted the same time; it is exceedingly productive. My experience has been that it *out-yields most other varieties*, and yet all varieties of plums are remarkably productive. It is enjoyable eaten out of hand and desirable for canning and other domestic purposes. Those who are not familiar with the superior varieties would consider this delicious. The fruit usually hangs so thick on the limbs that we are compelled to thin out one-half. The more you thin it, the larger, brighter and better the remaining fruit will be. It is a handsome reddish plum, the flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant. Season—August. More than one of the leading fruit growers have planted the Lombard tree especially for a stock for top budding and grafting slow growing varieties, as it is one of the most vigorous growers, and gives great satisfaction for this purpose. It is an excellent variety, and should be planted in all gardens and orchards. It can be relied upon for a crop often when some other varieties fail.

HE LIKES OUR PAPER, PLANTS AND TREES.

"Of all the papers I am able to find, Green's Fruit Grower is the best for me. It has done much to enlighten me on the matter of planting and cultivating all kinds of berries and fruits. Nearly all of the plants and trees bought of you are doing finely. My Loudon raspberries lead everything in their line, and stood one winter of 24 and 40 degrees below zero, and I did not lose a cane nor a part of one. They produce good crops of large, nice berries. My fifty Bartlett pears are doing nicely. My 156 Richmond and Montmorency are doing well, and my Burbank plums beat everything I ever saw; they grew three, four and five feet this year.

"You will find enclosed 50 cents for Green's Fruit Grower one year, and if I am entitled to it, send me the three hardy roses as premium, as mentioned in Fruit Grower."—C. H. Tyler.

PRICES of plum trees, Japan or European, are as follows: First class, 4 to 5 feet, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per 12, \$16 per 100; larger size, 5 to 6 feet, 25 cents each, \$2.50 per 12, \$18 per 100; 50 at 100 rate. Small sized trees, 3 to 4 feet, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per 12, \$12 per 100. York State Prune higher price as above.



NIAGARA
PEACH

Niagara Peach. New peach. See outside cover for colored plate. See full-page cut opposite.

"Yesterday I visited Niagara County, the banner fruit county of the Empire State, which is incidentally proud of the fact that Queen Victoria annually secures her private supply of apples there.

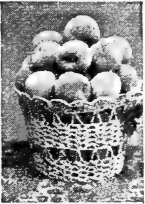
"J. S. Woodward, long known as Vice-President of the Western New York Horticultural Society, and as director of farmers' institutes, expected to market 20,000 baskets of peaches, mostly of a new variety known as the Niagara, a large, yellow, freestone peach, supposed to be a seedling of Early Crawford, which will average much larger in size, equally as productive, of fine quality, ripening several days later than Early Crawford, with heavy, healthy foliage, and a much stronger grower. While prime peaches are selling at wholesale in the Rochester market at low prices, J. S. Woodward informed me that he had just received word from a carload of Niagara peaches shipped to an eastern town, and that they received double the price for these Niagaras that they did for Crawford's Early."

Read below what Mr. Woodward said of the new peach at the last meeting of the W. N. Y. Horticultural Society:

"We have a peach which is, I understand, an accidental seedling of the Crawford. I wouldn't set a Crawford. You could not give them to me if I could get the peach I refer to. It is about one picking later than Crawford; averages a good deal better, better color, better leaf, and holds its size to the end of the season. You can't sell any other tree in that section if the variety I speak of can be obtained. It is called the 'Niagara.'" Prof. VAN DEMAN—"I have heard the Niagara spoken of in the highest terms. Those who have fruited it prefer it to any other, and think it even better than Elberta or Early Crawford."

Prices of Niagara Peach Trees: large size, 50 cents each, \$5.00 per 12; medium size, 40 cents each, \$4.00 per 12.

Early Rivers. Large, light straw color, with delicate pink cheek; flesh juicy and melting, with very rich flavor. First of July; free. This is one of the peach king Hale's favorites, it being a success way north in Connecticut. It is truly a fine early peach.



Fitzgerald.

New. See outside cover for colored plate. An improved Early Crawford, being fully equal to it in size, quality and color, with a much smaller pit. The tree commences bearing young, is productive, and in Canada and Michigan has proven one of the hardiest. Fruit large; brilliant color, bright yellow, suffused with red; flesh deep yellow, best quality. Ripens with or just after Early Crawford.

MR. ANDERSON—This year the Fitzgerald trees fruited fine. Q. How does its size compare with the Early Crawford? A. It is not quite as long, but it is a good, fine-sized peach. Q. What is its season for ripening? A. I think a little later than the Crawford.

MR. WILLARD—I saw it on Mr. Morrill's place, in Michigan, and it was very satisfactory. I have it growing, but have not yet fruited it. In hardness of bud it is excellent. MR. C. K. SCOON—As to quality, I would say that it is more than good; it is superb, and equal to Late Crawford.

Price, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per 12.

Hill's Chili. Medium dull yellow. Extra hardy and productive. Last September.

Stump the World. Very large, white, with a bright red cheek. End of September.

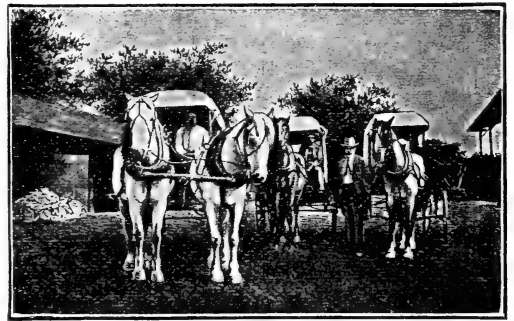
Mountain Rose. Large, handsome, red cheek; flesh white, juicy; one of the best. August.



PEACH CULTURE. When planting cut back the top so that only three feet remains above ground. Trim back close all branches. This severe cutting is done by all good peach growers. Plant in sandy or loamy soil that is well drained; upland (hillsides) preferred. Cut back one-half the new growth each season. Our trees are grown from Tennessee natural pits, free from insects, perfectly healthy; well ripened wood, with splendid roots. We offer here a choice list covering the season. We can supply by mail small, finely rooted trees of Crosby, Champion, Early Crawford and Elberta. Shall be pleased to quote special prices to large buyers on receipt of list stating sizes, varieties and numbers wanted.

Crosby Frost-Proof

Peach. A fine, handsome yellow peach, with remarkably small pit, that bears regular crops north of the peach belt. Quality delicious; season follows quickly after Early Crawford. Crosby is now so well known that it will be no experiment planting it. It has been planted in nearly all peach-growing States, and is spoken of in the highest terms. Many large orchards of this variety have been planted the past season. The *Rural New Yorker*, *Country Gentleman*, *American Cultivator*, *American Agriculturist*, and other leading horticultural and agricultural papers, have continually drawn attention to it by very favorable comments. The strongest claim for its superiority made over other varieties is the frost proof character of its fruit buds. For eleven successive years Crosby has not failed to fruit abundantly, many times when all other varieties failed. This quality alone is worth considering by all who have failed to get a crop of fruit. If any variety of peach can be called frost-proof, there is no doubt that Crosby is deserving that honor. The more we see of the Crosby peach the more we become impressed with its excellent qualities.



FRUIT WAGONS AT GREEN'S FRUIT FARM, READY TO GO OUT WITH LOADS OF FRUIT TO SUPPLY RETAIL PATRONS.

Old Mixon Free. Large, pale yellow, deep red cheek, white flesh, tender, rich, good. One of the popular old varieties always in demand. Season September.

Prices for large sized trees, 12 cents each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9 per 100.

Triumph. Early yellow flesh peach. Ripens with Alexander, blooms late, an abundant bearer; strong, vigorous grower. Fruit good size, yellow, with red and crimson cheek.

Our Trees are exceptionally well rooted. We have received hundreds of letters from patrons and subscribers that bought plants, or received them as premiums last year.



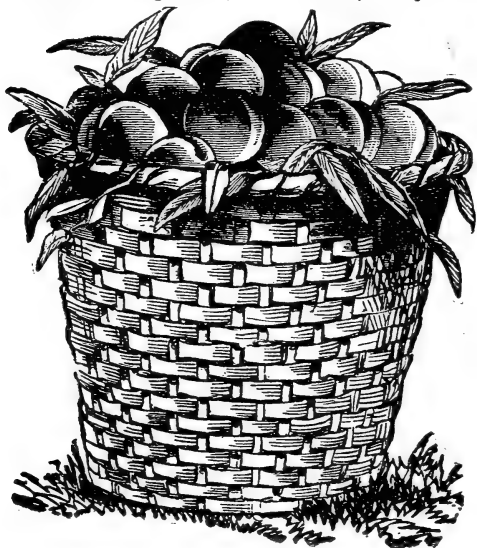
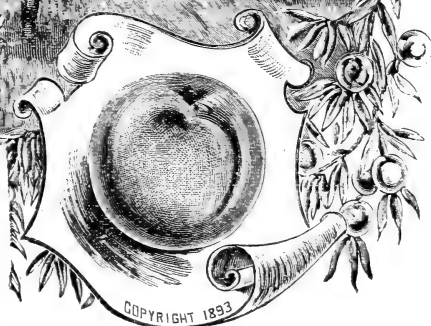


Champion Peach.—Best in quality, hardy in bud, very productive. See outside page of cover for plate. This fine early peach fruited abundantly at Green's fruit farm this season, ripening at Rochester, N. Y., in August. It is a vigorous grower, with healthy foliage. Healthy foliage means a good deal for a peach tree. I saw one peach tree budded to Champion and to another variety on the opposite side, and my attention was called to the difference in vigor and health of foliage of the two varieties, Champion being far more vigorous and thrifty. The foliage on any fruit tree is a matter of great importance. There are varieties of apples which have bright, leathery, dark green leaves, which seem to be able to withstand almost any climate, disease or insect without serious injury, while other varieties of apples in the same orchard may have the leaves seriously affected by fungus, etc.

I have been watching this new peach for several years with great interest. Mr. Charlton considers this one of the most valuable early peaches in existence. It has proved here to be exceedingly hardy in bud and wood, thus it has not failed to fruit in any season, which is quite remarkable so far north as Rochester.

The Champion peach is of the highest quality, exceedingly rich and juicy. It is a white peach with beautiful red cheek, roundish in shape and absolutely a freestone peach. It has a pronounced peachy flavor seldom found. It is full of rich, aromatic juice. Aside from its superior quality and productiveness, its hardness in bud makes it a favorite, for it will bear fruit regularly farther north than most varieties. It seems to be proof against cold winters. It also has such a vast store of vitality as enables it to resist attacks that destroy some other varieties. I have a high opinion of this peach.

Price for large trees, 12 cents each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9 per 100.



CREAM OF THE OLDER PEACHES.

Elberta Peach.—(See outside page of cover for colored plate of Elberta.) Large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and high flavored, flesh yellow; freestone. Season medium early, following quick upon Early Crawford. This is truly a fine peach, noted for its large size and fine appearance. Fruit of Elberta was quoted from one third to one half higher than any other variety of its season in New York and other leading markets the past season. The Georgia Peach Plant planted 60,000 in an orchard of 100,000. This tree is an excellent grower, strong and healthy, and very productive. We have fruited the Elberta for several years and are convinced that it is an excellent variety in every way, whether planted for home use or for market.

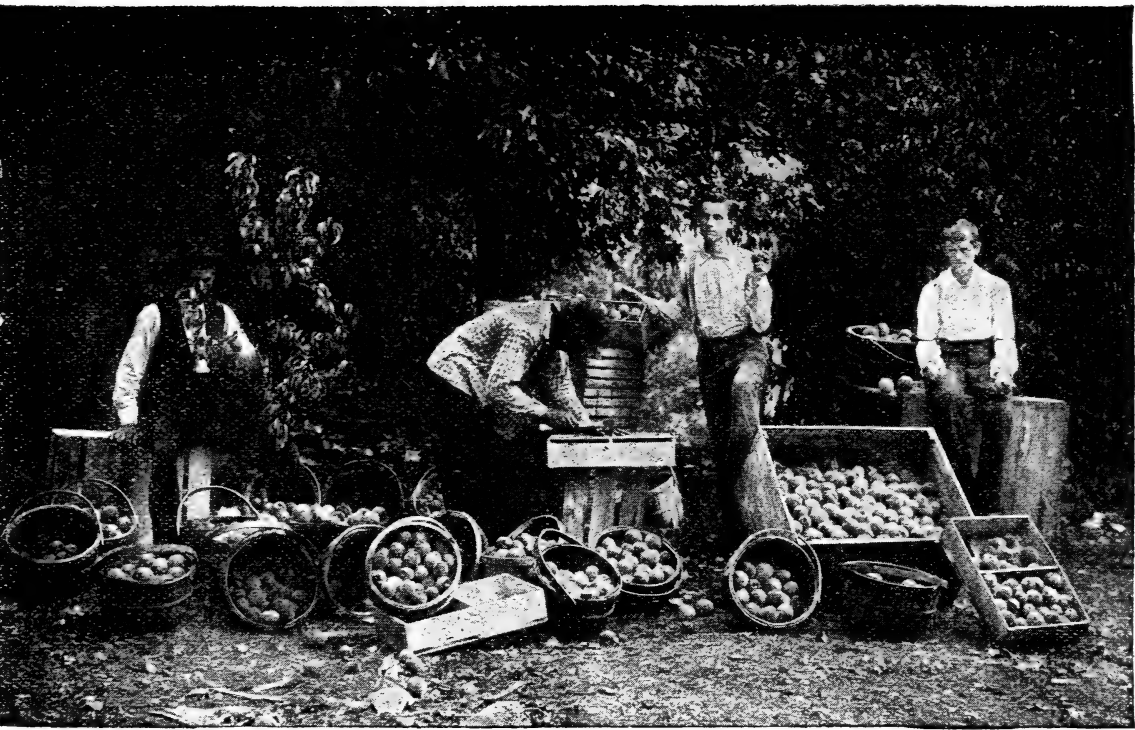
RONEY'S POINT, W. Va., October 10, 1898.

GREEN'S NURSERY CO.: We had a crop of Elberta peaches from trees bought of you. They were very large and fine in quality.

W. E. P.

Foster.—Large, deep orange red, becoming very dark red on the sunny side; flesh yellow, very rich and juicy, with sub-acid flavor; earlier than Early Crawford; very handsome; free.

PRICES of Peach Trees, where not otherwise stated, 12 cents each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9 per 100, for large sized trees,



BOXING CRAWFORD PEACHES ON LINE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD.

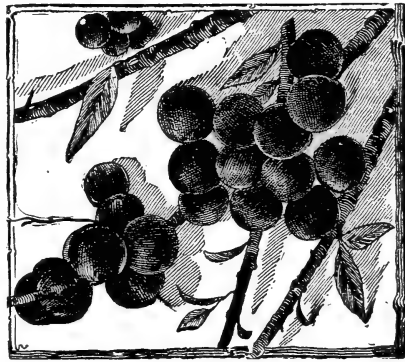
Crawford's Late.—A superb yellow peach, very large, productive and good; ripens here about the close of the peach season. Season last of September. Not a very late peach—its season is just right. Largest of all older kinds at Green's fruit farm. It does not overbear, thus does not need thinning. Its quality is superb. Large size trees 15c. each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9.00 per 100.

June Budded Peach Trees.—These are small trees, 8 to 12 inches high, suitable for mailing or sending long distances by express. We have only Champion, Early Crawford, Elberta and Crosby, in June budded trees. We offer these small peach trees by mail, post paid, at 8c. each, 75c. per 12, \$5.00 per 100. Or, we will ship them by express, you to pay express charges, at 60c. per 12, \$4.00 per 100. These trees are intended for patrons living in distant states only.



YOUNG CRAWFORD TREE IN BEARING.
variety that should not be omitted. Large size trees, 15c. each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9.00 per 100.

Crawford's Early.—A magnificent, large yellow peach of good quality. Tree vigorous and prolific; its size, beauty and productiveness make it one of the most popular varieties. Season beginning of September. This valuable peach has long been a popular favorite for large size, beauty and quality of fruit. Most people when they buy peaches ask for Crawford's, knowing but little about any other variety. In past years this was the earliest peach, but now much earlier kinds are known, hence it is about mid season in ripening. Everybody who plants peach trees plants this. A superior variety that should not be omitted. Large size trees, 15c. each, \$1.25 per 12, \$9.00 per 100.



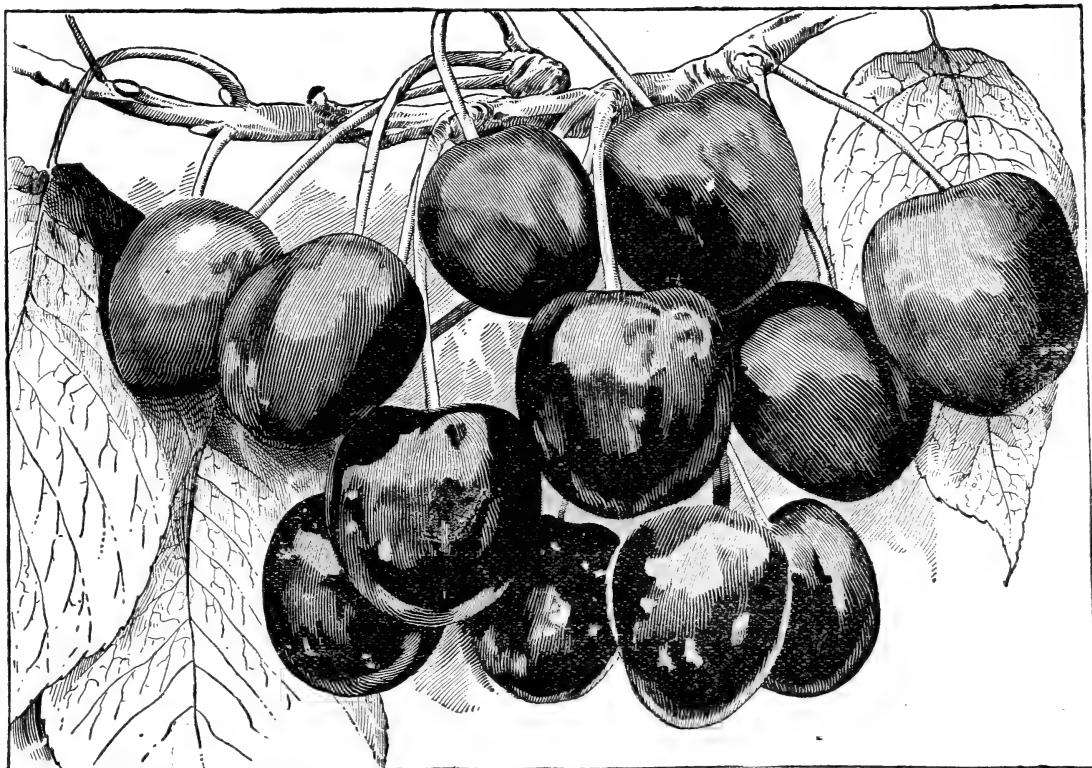
Small Plum Trees for Sale Cheap.—We give below a list of Plum trees, 4 feet high, well branched, with splendid roots that we will sell at a bargain, but if you want any of these you must order them quick, or they will be sold before your order comes. State what varieties you want and how many of each, then we will write you and give lowest price. The list is as follows:

SMALL PLUM.

Abundance, 800; Hale, 400; Burbank, 1000; Red June, 700 to 900; Wickson, 700 to 900.

The above are all Japan varieties of Plums.

Bradshaw, 500; Beauty of Naples, 70; Coe's Golden Drop, 150; York State Prune, 1000; Imperial Gage, 100; Lombard, 500; Moore's Arctic, 200 to 300; Niagara, 200; Reine Claude, 150; Shropshire Damsion, 400; Shipper's Pride, 300.



Green's Tartarian Cherry.—In front of our Rochester house are two black cherry trees which are something of a wonder to all who see them. These trees never fail to bear a heavy crop of fine fruit. The trees are perhaps forty years old. They have reached an age when most cherry trees begin to fail and to become unproductive, but these trees are as productive as in their earlier years. A notable peculiarity of the fruit upon these trees is that it remains upon the trees in an eatable condition for nearly three weeks. I have never known cherries to remain so long upon the trees. The fruit from these trees sells in the market more readily than any other fruit we are acquainted with. It is accepted by our marketmen as the Black Tartarian. It has much the appearance of the Black Tartarian, and yet we have never known that good old variety to remain so long in perfect condition upon the trees, which is a desirable feature in prolonging the season for family use. We call it Green's Tartarian cherry, not to indicate that it is a new variety, but to indicate that it is what it is represented to be—a superior strain of the Black Tartarian. Notice that in certain years cherry trees are high, while other trees are low in price.

Price, 35 and 50 cents each.



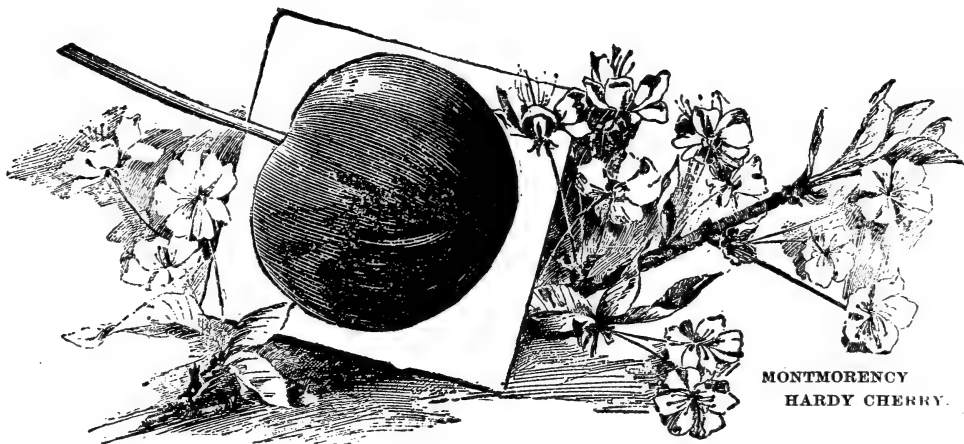
Early Richmond Cherry.—An early, red, magnificent cherry, very valuable for canning, for pies, marmalade, etc. Ripens through June. Tree a

free grower; hardy, healthy and very productive. One of the best. "If I could plant but one cherry it would be Early Richmond," says *American Agriculturist*. "For Illinois I know of no cherry but Early Richmond that can be relied upon for market. For home use the Montmorency is valuable," says A. G. Hammond, Secretary of the Illinois State Horticultural Society. It is a safe, reliable, worthy favorite. I have at our fruit farm two rows and a half of Early Richmond cherry trees, each row containing about forty trees. Price 25 and 30 cents each.

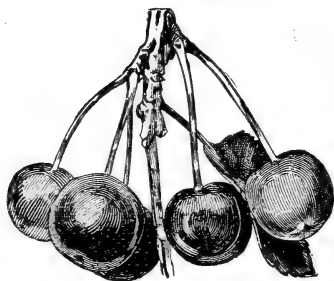
CENTENNIAL, NEW SWEET CHERRY.

Centennial Cherry.—A large, light colored sweet cherry; flesh very firm, making it one of the most valuable of the sweet varieties for shipping. Resembles Napoleon in appearance, of which it is a seedling, but is larger and more oblate in form. Tree a handsome grower. Its sweetness is very pronounced, being exceedingly sugary. Its briskness and honeyed sweetness make it a desirable table fruit, but its great value is in its firmness, which makes it probably the best shipping cherry yet introduced. Ripens in midseason. Professor H. E. Van Deman says of the Centennial: "Fruit very firm and of good flavor. This seems to be an improvement on Napoleon Bigarreau." Centennial Cherry, 25 and 30 cents each.

We have lots of extra nice cherry trees, both medium size and large. If you desire one dozen or more write us for prices, stating how many you need, naming the variety needed.

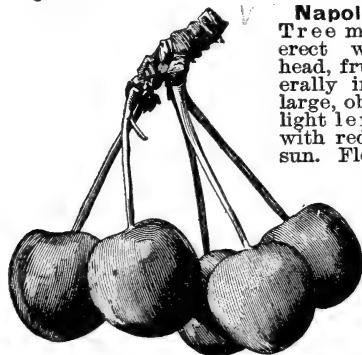


MONTMORENCY
HARDY CHERRY.



REDUCED SIZE.

cannot make a mistake in planting it. "For home use the Montmorency is valuable," says A. G. Hammond, Secretary of the Illinois State Horticultural Society. It is a safe, reliable, worthy favorite. Price 25 to 30 cents each for medium or large sizes.



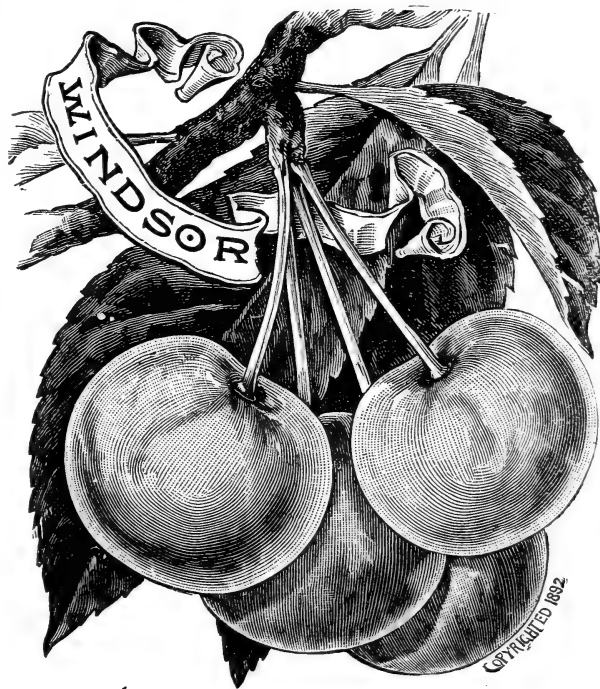
about June 20th. The Napoleon Bigarreau is probably the most desirable light colored cherry for market purposes. Its hard flesh and large size make it a good shipper and an attractive fruit when placed in small packages. Price, 25 and 30 cents each.

SMALL SIZED CHERRY TREES FOR SALE AT A LOW PRICE.

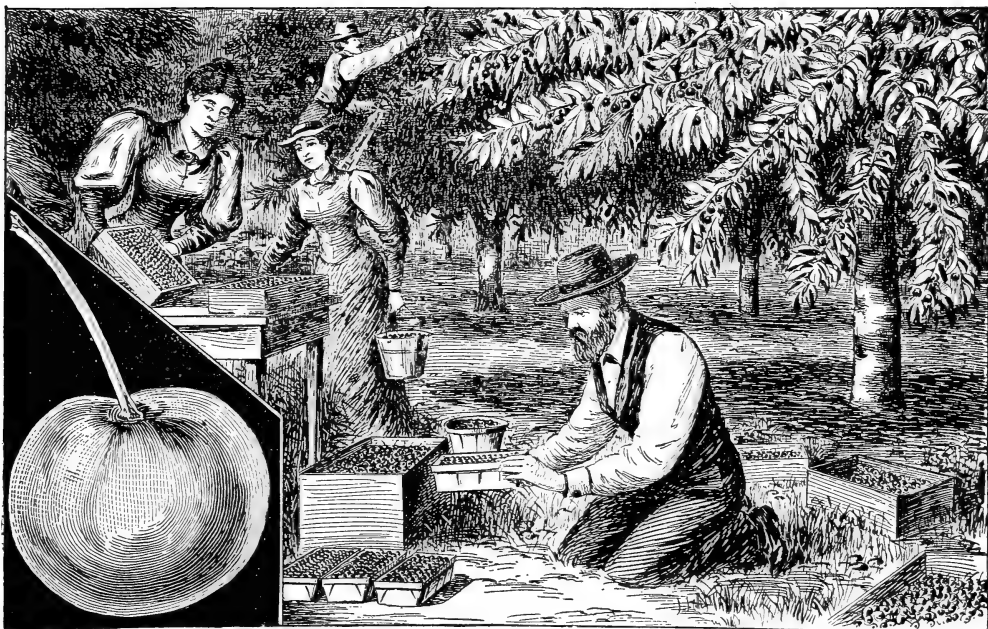
Smaller Cherry Trees.—We have some cherry trees of the varieties named of smaller sizes, 3 to 4 feet high, branched, which we can sell at lower prices than are named on these pages. If you want these smaller cherry trees, please write to us for particulars quick. They are good trees, two years old, and will give good results. Here is the list of small cherry trees: Centennial 100, Early Richmond 600, English Morello 600, Montmorency 800, Napoleon 100, Windsor 300, Dyehouse 150, Louis Philippe 100.

Montmorency Cherry.—Large; bright, shining red; acid; late; valuable. Hardy and productive. This variety seems to be almost as popular as the Early Richmond. We seldom have trees enough to supply the demand. Canning houses like this variety. You

Windsor Cherry.—Tree upright, vigorous and rapid grower; leaves large. Fruit large, roundish oblong, very firm, juicy, mottled red; flesh pinkish, sometimes streaked. Quality good, heavy bearer. The most desirable late cherry, either in the firm or tender-fleshed varieties. It hangs a long time and does not rot badly. No new cherry of recent years has attracted so much attention, owing to its large size, beautiful dark color, almost black; its firmness, its qualifications as a shipper, and its excellent eating qualities. The variety has been recommended by John J. Thomas, Patrick Barry, S. D. Willard, and others of the most prominent fruit growers of this country who have given it a thorough trial, and have found it unexcelled by



any variety for home use and for market. It originated in the cold, severe climate of Canada. While we cannot recommend it as being hardy enough for the northwest, where nothing but the Early Richmond type succeeds, it is a great success in Western New York and throughout the Middle States. The tree combines attractiveness as a lawn tree, with beautiful shade, and is exceedingly beautiful when in blossom, or laden with its delicious crop of fruit. It should be planted by all who have a garden, a door yard, a lawn or an orchard. Price 25 and 30 cents each.



PICKING AND PACKING CHERRIES. SHOWING BEST PACKAGE FOR MARKETING.

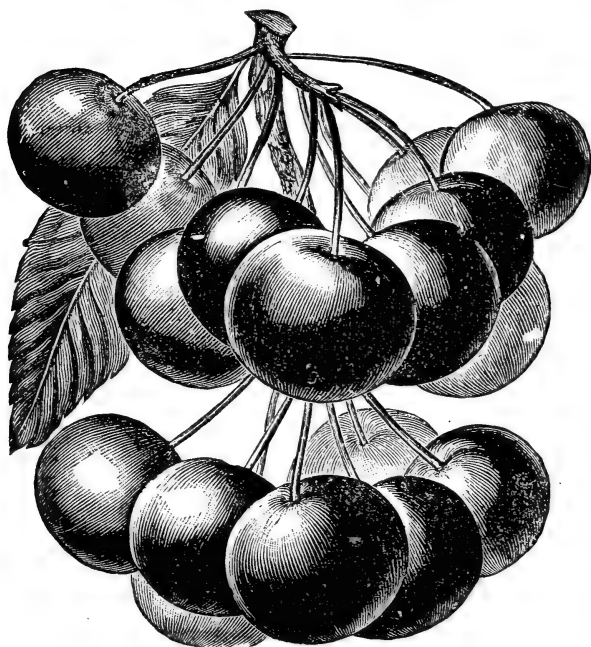
CHERRY TREES FOR MARKET AND GARDEN.

"What plant we in the cherry tree? Buds, which the breath of summer days shall lengthen into leafy sprays; boughs, which the thrush with crimson breast, shall haunt, and sing, and hide her nest. We plant upon the sunny lea a shadow for the noontide hour, a shelter from the summer shower, when we plant the cherry tree."

There are few trees more attractive than the cherry, on account of its beautiful foliage, its attractive blossoms, and showy fruit. It is more often planted upon the lawns of the village and city, as well as the farm lawn, than other fruit trees. It furnishes a delightful shade and is a clean tree. The cherry tree does better without cultivation than almost any other fruit trees, but if possible the first few years it should be cultivated, or mulched on the surface of the soil with manure. I have heard of a cherry tree that was 6½ feet in circumference, with a spread of branches measuring 60 feet. Since it bore its first crop it has borne annually without one omission 600 to 1000 pounds of superior cherries, selling for 7 cents per pound. We seldom hear of a cherry orchard. This may be a good reason why it is profitable to plant cherries. Surely it requires more labor to pick cherries than apples, but the profit is comparatively large. It is usual for people to avoid crops which require much labor, whereas those are the very crops wherein usually the most money can be made. Complaint is often made of birds feeding upon the cherries, but surely they are so productive a few would not be missed, and where the orchard is large the birds make but little impression upon the enormous yield, picking out mainly wormy specimens.

Additional Varieties of cherries. The following is a list of valuable cherries: **Dyehouse, Louis Philippe, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Olivet, Governor Wood, Ostheim, May Duke.**

Prices for all cherries (except Green's Tartarian) 25 cents each for medium sized trees 4 to 5 feet high, 30 cents each for largest size, 5 to 6 feet and up.



ENGLISH MORELLO CHERRY.

English Morello.—Without doubt one of the most valuable of this class. Easily grown, generally producing a heavy crop. Fruit dark red, quality good, with a rich, acid flavor; late. Tree very hardy, and recommended for extremely cold latitudes.

Professor Budd says that a cherry orchard planted thickly in rows running north has done better than those planted in the usual way.

"Like a double cherry, we grew together, seeming parted, but yet a union in partition, two lovely berries on one stem." 25 and 30 cents each.



Copyright, 1900, by Green's Nursery Co.

Hubbardston (Hubbardston Nonesuch).—Large; striped yellow and red; tender, juicy and fine; strong; good bearer. November to May. The Hubbardston has long been a popular early winter apple, often growing to the largest size, and always of good size. It is a handsome red apple, far superior in quality to many varieties. Hubbardston has become more popular recently than ever before, since it has been discovered that its leaves have great power to resist attacks of the apple scab fungus. Owing to this fact Hubbardston bears full crops every year where other varieties fail, or bear every other year. I consider Hubbardston one of the earliest most regular and abundant bearers of all winter apples. The tree is a good, vigorous grower, and the fruit is prized as a dessert fruit, or for cooking. Price, 18 cents for medium, and 20 cents for largest size trees—6 to 7 feet.

Transcendent Crab Apple.—This is probably one of the best of all crab apples, popular over the entire country. It is perfectly hardy everywhere and an immense bearer, yielding large crops every year. It is also a rapid grower and often bears fruit three years after planting. The color of this crab apple is as bright red as the brightest red rose. As I have been driving by these trees in farmers' yards, filled with fruit, from the distance they seemed to look like red roses. These trees were beautiful objects when thus laden with bright red apples. The fruit of this crab is held in great esteem by housewives for making jelly, pickles and preserves. They can be dried, cooked, canned or preserved with the skin on, saving a great amount of trouble. It is especially valuable for cider. Price, 18c. to 20c. each.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN IN APPLE TREES FOUR FEET HIGH, BRANCHED?

Price all apple trees unless otherwise stated 18c. each for medium size, 5 to 6 feet, and 20c. each for large size, 6 to 7 feet high.

Smaller Sized Apple Trees at a bargain. Speak quick if you want them. All about 4 feet high and branched, with superior roots. Write us stating how many and what varieties you want and we will reply, giving low prices. The list of varieties is as follows:

LIST OF SMALL APPLE TREES.

Hubbardston,	800	Mann,	109
Baldwin,	1500	Northern Spy,	250
Ben Davis,	2000	R. I. Greening,	few
Duchess,	406	Red Astrachan,	200
Autumn Strawberry,		Wolf River,	
Belleflower,		Whitney Crab,	
Bailey Sweet,		Wealthy,	300
Golden Russet,		Yellow Transparent,	200
King,	250		

We also offer 20,000 one year apple trees by mail or express.

G. N. CO. HAS
200 ACRES
1,000,000 TREES AND PLANTS.

GREEN'S
NURSERY Co.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

Wealthy Apple.—This is a beautiful hardy winter apple, originating in Minnesota. It is gaining popularity each year on account of **Beauty and Quality**, as well as its **Hardiness**. It is productive and an acquisition almost everywhere. Fruit large, roundish; skin smooth, oily, covered with a dark red. Flesh white, tender, juicy, vinous, sub-acid; quality very good. This is one of the few most desirable varieties for Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, as well as the Eastern and Middle States. In season it differs somewhat, according to locality; in New York and neighboring states its season is December to February, and earlier in others. 18c. to 20c. each.

GREEN'S BIG TWENTY VARIETIES OF APPLES.—Additional Varieties of Apples.

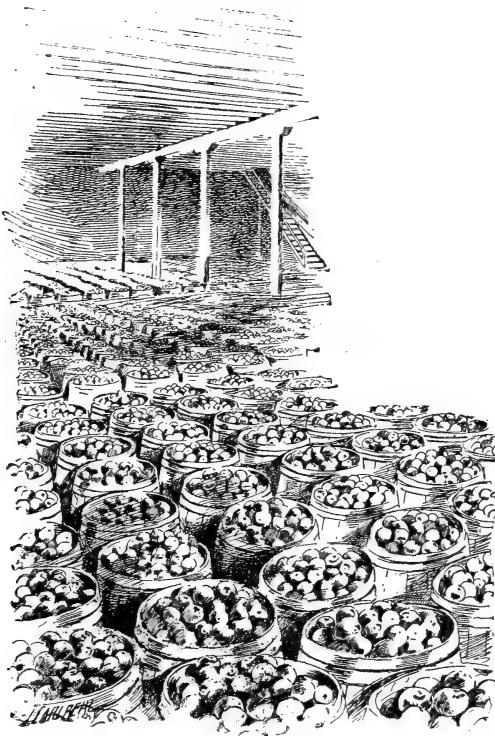
We give below a list of well known varieties of apples, also among them many rare and valuable varieties seldom offered. We do not know of any one variety on this list that is undesirable. It is a remarkable list of varieties of apple trees. At Green's fruit farm we have planted specimen rows, embracing one tree only of each variety. The trees are planted fifteen feet apart in the row, with ample space on each side of the row for air and sunshine. These specimen rows are a peculiar attraction to our place, and present each season an object lesson for the student of pomology. We would suggest a similar row of a number of varieties of apples to be planted by our patrons. The idea is that by planting the trees closely together in a single row through a field or garden, it is not difficult to enjoy the pleasure of seeing the various varieties in fruiting.

Those marked with a star are winter varieties; the others are summer and fall varieties.

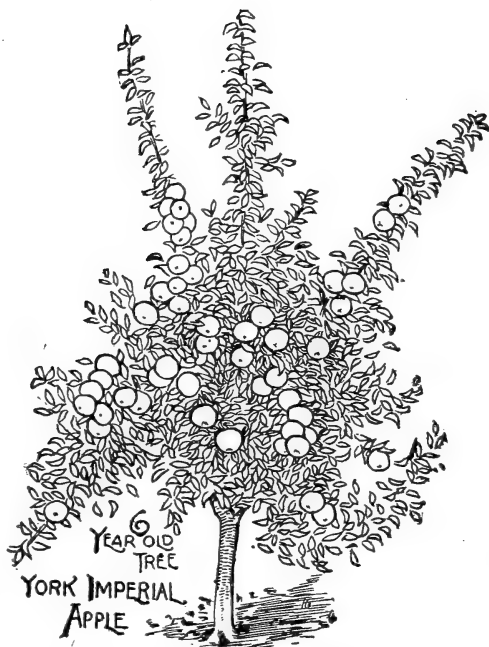
Price for all apple trees (except Banana, Bismarck, Starr, Lord Nelson and Fannie) is 18c. each for trees 2 to 3 years old, medium size, 5 to 6 feet high. Large sized trees, 6 to 7 feet, 20c. each.

*Canada Red,	Early Harvest,
*Fameuse,	*North Western Green
*Gano,	ing (very hardy),
*Jacobs Sweet,	*Mann,
*McIntosh,	*Pound Sweet,
*Pewaukee,	Red Siberian Crab,
Sweet Bough,	*Sutton Beauty,
*Stark,	Twenty Ounce,
*Tallman Sweet,	*Wine Sap,
*Wolf River,	*Wagener,
*Yellow Belle Flower,	

Starr Apple, new, price \$1 each.



STORAGE CELLAR OF GREEN'S NURSERY CO.



York Imperial Apple.—This fine, large, red, winter apple has rapidly leaped into favor of late, and on account of its beauty has been in demand for shipment to Europe. Prof. Van Deman and other experts are loud in its praise. It succeeds over a wide range of country. It comes into bearing at four years from planting, bears regularly and heavily. The foliage and fruit are remarkably free from scab. The fruit is of medium size, oblong, angular, oblique, smooth, skin yellow and almost wholly covered with two shades of red, the darker one disposed in distinct stripes; basin deep, cavity deep and narrow; stem short; flesh yellow, juicy, firm, sub-acid, good; season, late winter. A good shipper, bringing highest prices. The American Pomological Department says: "York Imperial originated early in this century in York, Pa., and was sent out as Johnson's Fine Winter at first, but Downing gave it its present name. It has long been a leading market variety in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, and since 1880 has become a leader through the middle western states. The tree is productive and the fruit medium to large, in color light yellow, washed and striped with red, skin thin but tough, flesh crisp and juicy, and good to very good in quality; at its best from November to February. 18c. to 20c. each.

Northern Spy.—A popular apple in Western New York and in many other parts of the country. A rapid, upright grower, coming into bearing later than the Baldwin. The branches are willowy, yielding to the wind, therefore the fruit is not easily blown off. It is an abundant bearer of large and beautiful specimens. The flesh is juicy, rich and enticing, and it is a long keeper; season from January to July; the skin is striped and covered on the sunny side with dark crimson, delicately coated with bloom. 18 to 20 cents each.

Red Astrachan.—This early variety is well known, and a lengthy description is not necessary. Its merits are conceded in nearly every state in this country. Always demands a ready sale at paying prices if grown for market, and is *indispensable* for home use. 18 to 20 cents each.

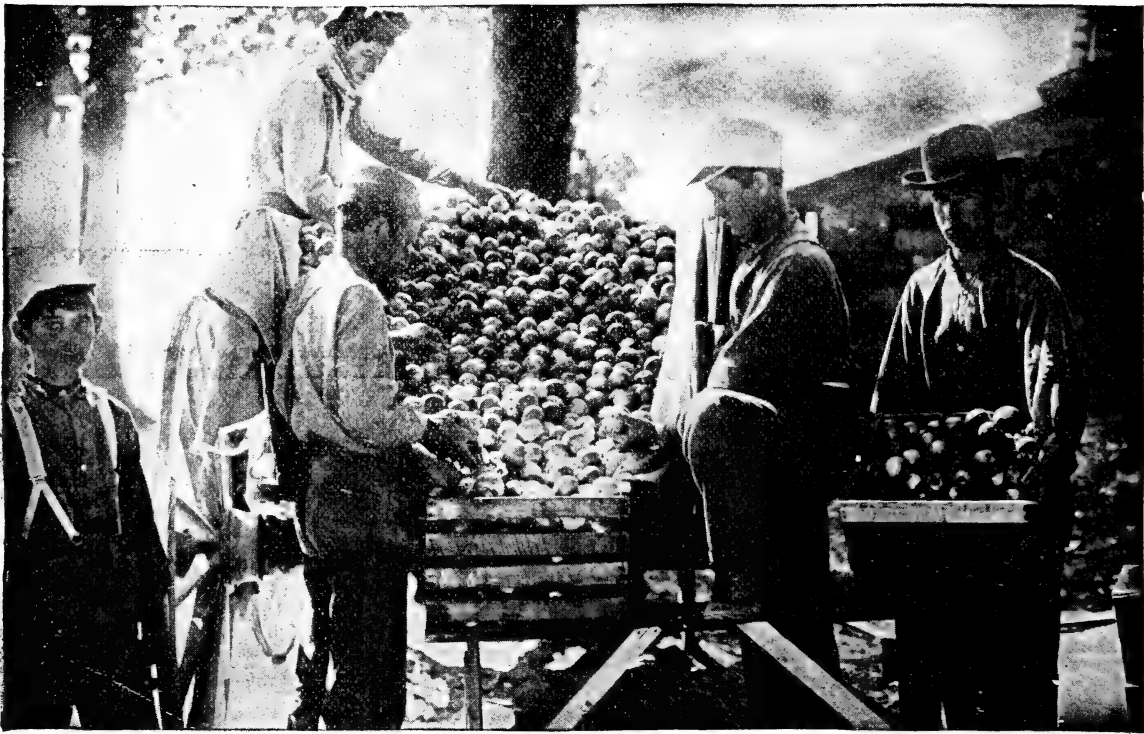
Price for Smaller Apple Trees.—We offer a few thousand and only of nice two year old apple trees, 4 to 5 feet high, well branched, carefully selected, at 12c. each, \$1.25 per 12, of the following varieties: Ben Davis, Northern Spy, Baldwin, R. I. Greening, Hubbardston Nonsuch, Yellow Transparent, York Imperial and Wealthy.

Gloria Mundi.—Largest apple in the world. Its only fault, says one, is its large size. It is too large. There is a bearing tree of Gloria Mundi apple at our fruit farm. It bears regularly nearly every season. The fruit is large and uniformly fair and free from defects or worms. It is a handsome apple, skin and flesh almost white. Quality enticing, mild sub-acid, with quince flavor; it is a late fall apple, keeping into early winter. It sells at high prices, owing to its fine appearance and large size. It is an abundant bearer here, and I have always regarded it as of peculiar value. I am pleased to learn that it succeeds over a wide range of country. I have budded Gloria Mundi apple into the nursery rows where it makes a fine upright growth. The foliage is large and healthy. —C. A. GREEN. Price, 18 to 20 cents each.

King.—(King of Tompkins Co.)—A superb red apple of the largest size and finest quality. Tree a vigorous grower, good bearer and hardy. The King succeeds well in Western New York, and on account of its color and firmness is one of the most desirable for distant shipping. 18 to 20 cents each.

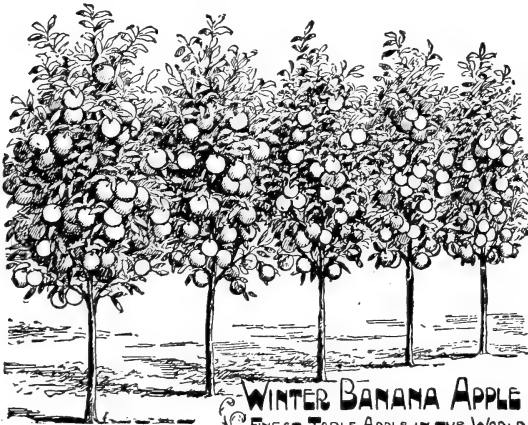
Baldwin Apple.—Too well known to need lengthy description. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright and productive. In New England, New York, Ontario and Michigan this is one of the **most profitable sorts**. Season December to March. 18 to 20 cents each.

Fanny Apple.—The handsomest of all late summer or early fall apples, and the **finest in quality**. Also beautiful in form and of good size. Fanny was recommended to me by the lamented Charles Downing, who sent me specimens which delighted me beyond expression. He pronounced it the queen of apples. It is of a dark, rich crimson color; firm, juicy, agreeable subacid. The tree is a vigorous grower and productive; originated in Pennsylvania. Trees on our grounds have fruited many seasons. Very desirable as a dessert fruit. We predict for it a great future. J. S. Gaylord, Kan., writes: "My Fanny trees are healthy, thrifty, grow well in orchard, produce good crops of fine apples. Bore when we had no other good apples." Price 45 cents for each tree.



SORTING BEN DAVIS APPLES, MARKET ON MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Ben Davis Apple.—There is no apple that has more friends than Ben Davis on account of its hardiness, productiveness, beauty (fine red winter) and endurance in shipping. Its quality varies. Often it is of good quality, then again not so good, but it is always fair, beautiful, red, and always sells well. More trees of Ben Davis are sold than of any other variety. The Pomological Department says: "Ben Davis is supposed to have originated in Virginia. It was widely distributed before 1850, and has grown in favor through the tier of states westward from Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina. It is excellent for cooking. The tree is vigorous and productive, the fruit large and handsome, bears handling well and keeps well until March in ordinary storage, and stands cold storage and long shipments well." Price 18c. to 20c. each.



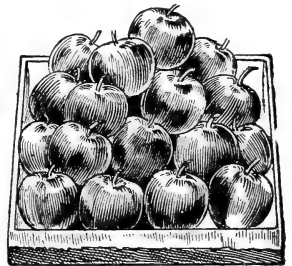
WINTER BANANA APPLE
FINEST TABLE APPLE IN THE WORLD
BEARS FRUIT AT TWO YEARS OLD.

Winter Banana Apple.—New, excellent. The name is most appropriate, as it has a delightful banana perfume. Charles A. Green pronounces it to be the *handsomest* apple that he ever saw. Fruit keeps well till spring; the color is a striking

red blush on a deep yellow ground. It is of large size and very showy in appearance, roundish, inclining to conical, stalks three-fourths of an inch long, cavity moderate, apex shallow. Originated in Indiana. Our stock came direct from the originator. Both grafts and 3-year-old trees of this grand apple produced abundantly on our grounds at Green's nursery in past seasons. We are much pleased with it. It is a splendid grower. Price 35 cents for each tree.

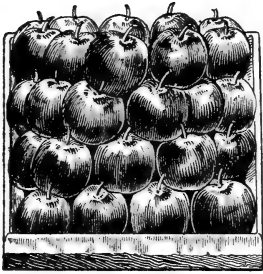
Lord Nelson

Apple.—This superb apple is known as the Blenheim Pippin in Canada and Blenheim Orange in England, where it originated. We have been fruiting this remarkable apple at Green's fruit farm for the past ten years. It is a regular bearer of large, handsome, reddish apples of good quality, desirable for dessert or for cooking purposes. The flesh is yellow, crisp, juicy, tender and highly flavored. Its season is early winter, being at its best in December and January, but we have kept it much later. The tree is of handsome form and a good, rapid grower. Price 35 cents each tree.



High Grade Poultry.—Send for our descriptions of prize poultry. We offer for sale White Wyandottes, Barred Plymouth Rocks and Brown Leghorn cocks and pullets from prize winning strains; also eggs for hatchings at \$1 per 13. Price of S. C. Brown Leghorn cocks, \$1; pullets, \$1.50 each. Also White Wyandotte and Barred P. Rock, good breeding cockerels, \$2 each; pullets, \$2.50 each; trios, \$6. Eggs in season, \$1.50 for 13. Please favor us with your orders.

GREEN'S NURSERY Co., Rochester, N. Y.



Jonathan Apple.

This handsome and fine flavored red apple has long been a favorite, succeeding far west, as it is very hardy. The Jonathan originated in Woodstock, N. Y., and was exhibited as early as 1829, and sometimes called the New Spitzenberg. It has a better reputation in the West than in New England and New York, and does well in many of the

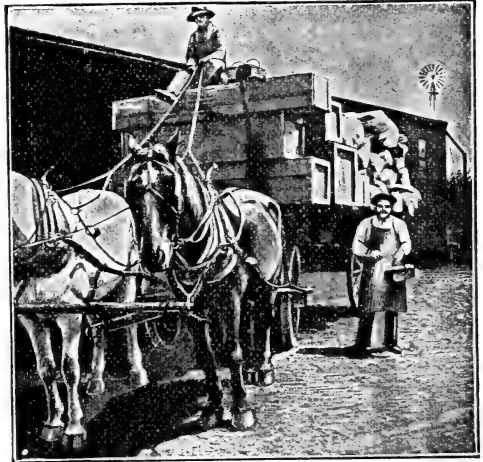
Western States and in the mountain orchards on the Pacific Coast. Though an autumn and early winter fruit, except in the northern districts, it keeps well in cold storage. The apple is a clear, whitish yellow, thickly covered with clear red stripes, of medium size, but very handsome, and one of the best in eating quality. As the flesh is tender and the skin thin, it bruises very easily and requires care in picking and handling. 18c. to 20c.

Yellow Transparent.—Unlike most Russian apples, this is of superior quality, remarkably early, of large size, and beautiful. But the feature that makes it particularly desirable is, it is excessively hardy and can be safely planted in the most severe climate. It is also productive and bears at an early age. Two year trees bore in the nursery rows on our grounds, and orchard trees bear abundantly every season. On account of earliness, size, beauty, quality, hardness, productiveness and early bearing, it is one of the most desirable early apples. Dr. Hoskins says: "Not only for the north but southward it is becoming extremely popular as an early market apple." Price 18 to 20 cents each.

Rhode Island Greening.—This is an enormous bearer, and bears regularly every year. Season, winter. Those who buy trees of Greening must not expect straight trees, for they will not grow straight with the best treatment that the nurseryman can give. Here is a question that tree planters should understand. All varieties do not grow equally straight. While the Spy, Wealthy, Baldwin and Ben Davis may be as straight as the ramrod of a gun, the Greening, Fameuse and a few other varieties are naturally a little crooked in growth; however, such trees tend to become straight with age; therefore, while there may be quite a bend in the Greening tree when planted, after ten years it will not be perceptible. 18c. each.

Gravenstein Apple.—Jno. J. Thomas says the flesh is tender, juicy, very rich, sub-acid, high flavored; mid-autumn, productive, handsome and excellent; fine in all localities; shoots strong, becoming smooth and shining, ascending; fruit rather large, roundish, slightly oblate, obtusely and obscurely ribbed, surface a little wavy;

striped and splashed with bright red on a yellow ground; stalk three-quarters of an inch long; cavity rather deep, calyx large, basin deep, narrow: 18 to 20 cents each.



LOAD OF GREEN'S BOXES OF TREES, PLANTS AND VINES GOING TO THE FREIGHT STATION.

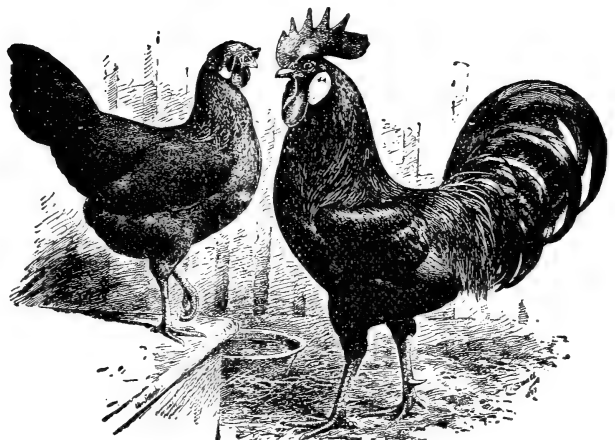
Duchess of Oldenburg.—A large, beautiful Russian apple; roundish; streaked red and yellow; tender, juicy, pleasant. A kitchen apple of best quality and esteemed by many for dessert. Tree a vigorous, fine grower and an early and abundant bearer. September. Succeeds well in the Northwest, where most varieties fail. *The hardest valuable fall apple.* In Minnesota and Wisconsin horticultural reports recently published we find Duchess the most valuable commercial variety, free from blight, a sure cropper, hardy as an oak, having survived in some instances when all others died (except Wealthy), and all in all a wonderful variety for those States. It is termed a summer variety in some parts. It keeps long and is both a summer and fall variety. 18 to 20 cents each.

Maiden Blush.—The good old variety. Large; smooth, with a fine, evenly shaded red cheek; flesh white, tender; bearing large crops. September and October. 18 to 20 cents.

PRICE OF APPLE TREES, unless otherwise noted, 18 cents each for first-class trees, 2 to 3 years old, 5 to 6 feet high; 20 cents each for largest size, 6 to 7 feet high.

Single Comb Brown Leghorns.

THE POPULAR LEGHORN. The acknowledged queen of the practical egg-laying breeds is the Leghorn when judged by the standard of the greatest number of marketable eggs produced at least cost. Not only are the hens persistent layers, but they are extremely active foragers and waste no time in sitting. Like a good milch cow, they put little fat upon their bones, but devote all surplus nourishment to steady production. They eat less than the heavy breeds, but whatever they consume is put to good purpose. Good breeding Cockerels, \$1.00 each; pullets, \$1.50 each; trios, \$4.00. Eggs in season from Prize Stock, \$1 for 12. Also White Wyandotte and Barred P. Rock, good breeding Cockerels, \$2.00 each; pullets, \$2.50 each; trios, \$6.00. Eggs in season, \$1.50 for 13.





Bismarck is a new apple attracting considerable attention. It is an attractive apple in color and shape, the skin being a bright yellow covered on one side with bright carmine. The principal feature of the Bismarck which recommends it to many people is that it bears fruit at a very early age on small trees.

"On a transplanted two-year-old standard tree were counted 26 handsome apples." The usually guarded *Gardener's Chronicle*, of London, said last fall that 18½ rods were covered with Bismarck trees, two years old, on Doucin stock. They were planted in nursery rows about three feet apart, the plants about a foot apart. Many of them had 11, a few 12, large fruits upon them. The fruit is said to be of large size, specimens having been grown weighing nearly two pounds each. The color is described as of a deep orange yellow shading to red. The flesh is yellow, tender, juicy and of good quality. The claim is made that it keeps all winter. 50 cents each for 2 year old, 4 to 5 feet trees.



RUSSIAN MULBERRY

Russian Mulberry.—Hardy, rapid growing timber tree of value; useful in silk culture. Fruit abundant, small and sweet; fruits on very small trees. The Russian mulberry is the hardiest of all mulberries, and very valuable. We have several trees upon our Rochester place and they are loaded with fruit every year, remaining in fruit for three or four weeks. The chickens are particularly fond of this fruit, which drops daily and is picked up quickly by them. The Russian mulberry is a profitable tree to grow if only for chicken feed, since chickens are so fond of the fruit and thrive so well upon it. One large mulberry tree will furnish, perhaps, ten bushels or more of mulberries, which cost absolutely nothing, since the tree itself is beautiful and furnishes an attractive shade.

Price, 5 to 6 feet, well branched, 25 cents each. 4 to 5 feet trees, well branched, 20c. each.

WE WANT TO RECEIVE YOUR ORDER BY MARCH FIRST.

READ OUR INDUCEMENT FOR ORDERING TREES, ETC., THUS EARLY.

All who send in their orders for trees, plants and vines to Green's Nursery Company on or before March 1st, 1901, will receive Green's Fruit Grower for one year without further payment than they make with their order for trees, etc., providing they mention this liberal offer when sending in their order; also, providing their order amounts to three or more dollars.

GREEN'S FRUIT GROWER

has 60,000 subscribers. It was established twenty years ago and is the greatest success of any Horticultural paper ever published. It has been greatly improved during the last few years, and more money is paid to contributors and for printing it than was ever paid before.

Notice its Poultry Department.

Notice its Woman's Page.

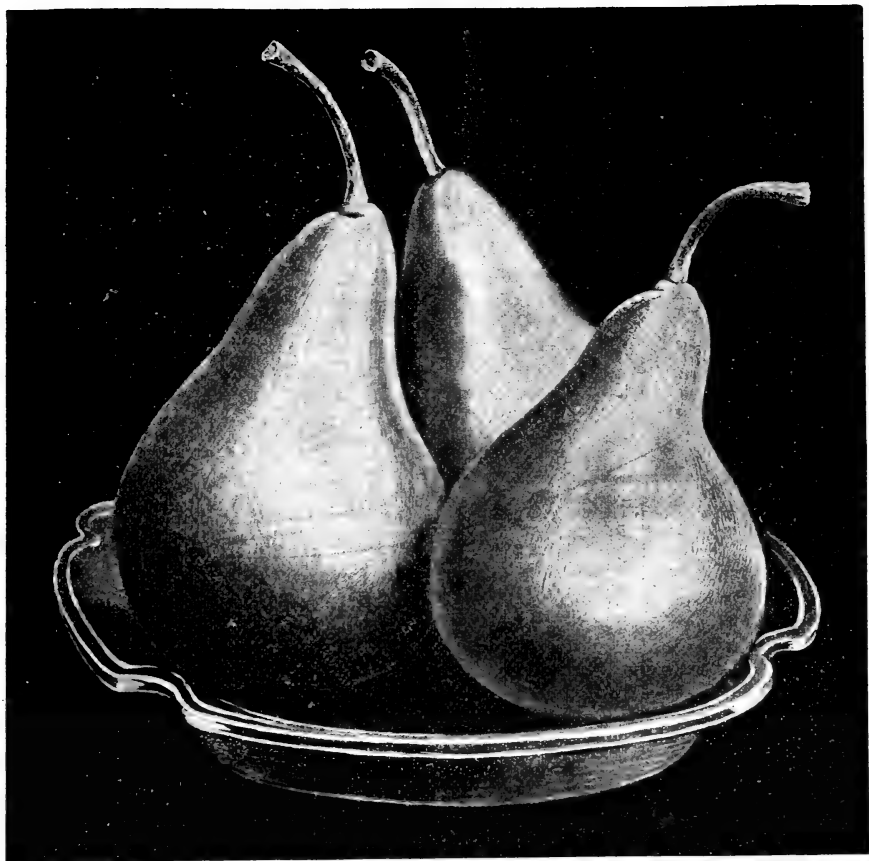
Notice its Health Department.

Notice instructions given for successful fruit growing, for market or for the home garden.

Notice hints for beautifying the home grounds and one thousand and one other helpful suggestions.

GREEN'S FRUIT GROWER, Rochester, N. Y.

Send for our other catalogue of Ornamental Trees, etc., if you want it.



BOSC PEAR. FINEST QUALITY. LARGE AS BARTLETT. VERY PRODUCTIVE.

Bosc Pear.—Bosc is a large pear, the size of Bartlett, deep golden yellow, with yellow flesh of a peculiar shape shown in cut,—notice that the cut is greatly reduced in size. Bosc pear resembles Sheldon in quality, but is considered by many as superior to Sheldon and later in ripening. It is hardly surpassed by any pear in quality and its large size and productiveness make it popular wherever known. On account, however, of the difficulty of securing trees of this variety it is not largely known and comes under the head of rare varieties. We have been at a great expense to grow a good stock of the Bosc pear, which we know to be true to name, and we offer these trees with confidence that they will greatly please all who plant them. Bosc is far less known than its merits warrant. I doubt that one planter in a hundred has a tree of this variety and yet there is no variety which can be planted with greater confidence for both home use and market. Price of Bosc pear, 50c. each for large size, doubled-worked ; 35c. each for medium size.



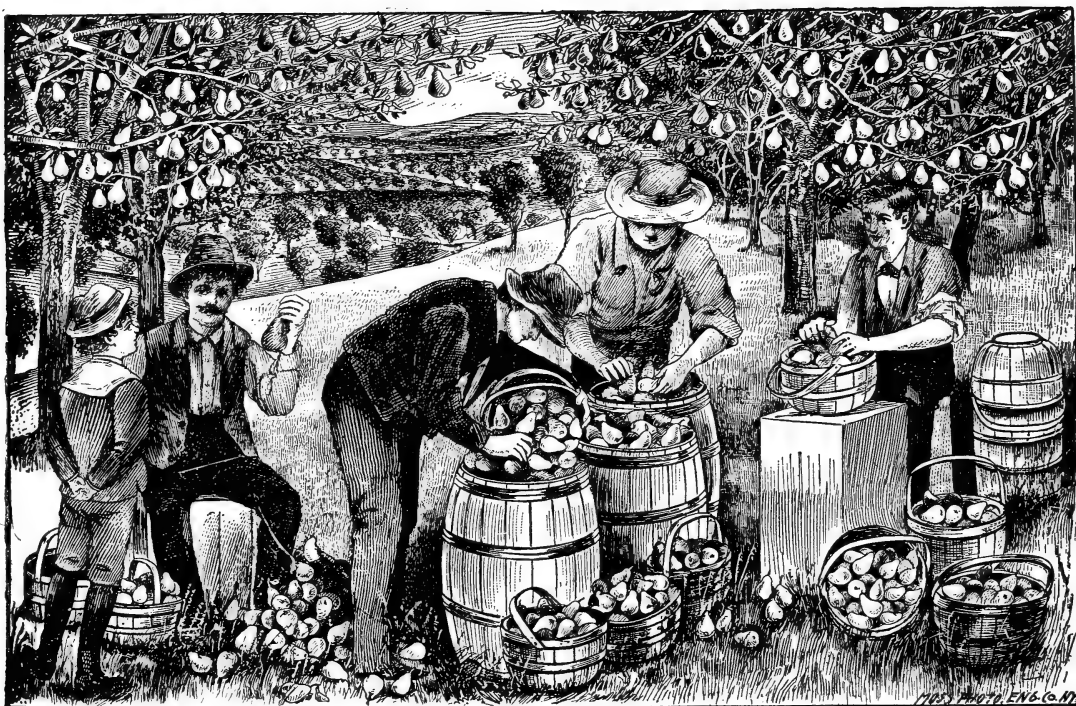
Small Sized Standard Pear Trees.—We offer Standard pear trees, two to three years old, 4 to 5 feet high, well branched and carefully graded, of the following varieties : Bartlett, Lawrence, Sheldon, Anjou, Seckel, and a few other varieties. Price, 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12, \$12.00 per 100.

This is to Certify that the stock in the nursery of Green's Nursery Co., of Rochester, N. Y., was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 482 of the Laws of 1898, and it was found to be apparently free in all respects from any contagious or infectious plant disease or diseases, or the San José scale or other dangerously injurious pest or pests.

C. A. WIETING, Com. of Agr'ure.

Dated August 28th, 1900, Albany, N. Y.

You've Seen the Rest. Now See the Best.



HARVESTING BARTLETT PEARS.

PEAR CULTURE.—Standard Pear trees planted 20 feet apart each way, and Dwarf 10 to 12 feet apart each way, is considered a good distance for planting, but where land is scarce, trees can be set thicker in the row and trees cut out when grown so that roots or branches interfere. The soil for a pear orchard should be somewhat clayey, and yet a rich, sandy soil will produce fine pears. The land should be kept cultivated. It is not uncommon for the pear orchard of fifteen acres to yield from three to five thousand dollars.

Bartlett Pear.—*Successful as Standard or Dwarf.*—Standard Bartlett are even better than Dwarf. What the Concord is among grapes, the Baldwin among apples, the Crawford among peaches is the Bartlett among pears. The demand upon nurseries for Bartlett trees exceeds those of all other varieties. No fruit has attained the popularity of the Bartlett without good reason. Trees of both Standard and Dwarf bear very soon after planting. They also bear abundantly and the fruit is attractive to the eye as well as to the taste. It is the **most popular pear**, both for home use and the market, that the world has ever known. It is buttery and melting, with a rich, musky flavor. The tree is vigorous and rapid in growth. Its season is September. The Bartlett may be picked before it has attained its full size and will ripen and color beautifully and be of good quality. Many people remove half of the fruit in August, ripening this for market, thus relieving the tree of its strain and securing larger fruit from that which remains upon the tree. As the Bartlett is liable to overbear, nearly half of the fruit should be removed early in the season when about the size of a hickory nut. If this is done and the trees are kept in cultivated soil and well fertilized they will bear profitable crops of the finest specimens imaginable. All pears should always be picked before fully ripe to secure best quality.

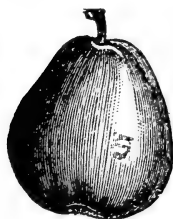
not as good as Flemish Beauty, Bartlett and Louise. Picked early in September and stored in a cold cellar it will be in good order for two months. It is large and handsome, and the tree is very productive. Even the smallest pears on the tree are always delicious; so there is no waste fruit."



Seckel Pear.—Standard and Dwarf.—The standard of excellence in the pear, small, but of the highest flavor and production, and small Seckels sell better than large, if smooth and fair. Tree a stout, slow, erect grower. Season, September and October. Gives *Excellent Results*, both as standard and dwarf, succeeds well throughout the Northern, Middle and Western States.

One of the great edible luxuries of life is a supply of first rate pears properly ripened, and this is a luxury which conduces to good health, than which nothing is more desirable. A good pear orchard is a source of both employment and profit.

For at least three years a tree can stand no great drawbacks, and is governed by nature's laws the same as animal life; it must start out with a constitution, to ever make a fruit-bearing tree. Rochester stands pre-eminently ahead as a fruit-growing district, the same as the great prairies of the West hold their supremacy for the production of corn; and when we see great commercial centers, we know they were not made so through accident, but adaptability. The finest orchards in the West to-day bear evidence of the vitality of Rochester stock, and the greatest of all argument is that the people are satisfied.



SHELDON.

Sheldon Pear.—"A better autumn pear does not exist." *First quality*; large, round, russet and red, melting, rich and delicious. Tree vigorous, erect and handsome and bears well when grown. As a standard should be more largely planted. Season, October and November. It is impossible to do justice to this noble variety either in description or illustration. One pear grower says: "It is the finest table pear in the world, and good for canning also, but



Wilder Early Pears.—Above photograph is greatly reduced in size. This valuable early variety was introduced by Green's Nursery Co. The tree is a vigorous grower, productive and hardy. The fruit is handsome, yellow with red sides. Flesh tender and melting, vinous and refreshing. Season July and August. The best of its season.

"Wilder Pear is handsome, melting, sweet, pleasant, very good."—ELLWANGER & BARRY.

"GOOD, handsome, pleasant."—JOHN J. THOMAS.

"It has come to stay."—HON. H. E. VANDEMAN.

"Larger and juicier than any of the earlier pears growing here."—THOMAS MEEHAN.



Buffum.—Medium size, yellow; buttery, sweet and excellent. Sept. and Oct.

Howell.—Large; light waxen yellow, with a fine red cheek; handsome; rich, sweet, melting; an early and profuse bearer; very hardy and valuable. September and October.

Kieffer's Hybrid.—Well known for its wonderful vigor and early bearing qualities; fine for canning. Late fall. Price for 6 to 7 foot trees, not branched, 25 cents. Larger trees branched, 35 cents each.

FALL AND WINTER VARIETIES OF PEARS.

Anjou (Beaurre d' Anjou).—Standard and Dwarf. Not excelled by any other late fall variety for market or home use. Succeeds either as a dwarf or standard. This pear should be picked and kept in a cool, dry, even temperature, say between 35 degrees and 45 degrees, and it will be in eating condition in not less than four months. People will always regard Anjou as a first-class fruit in every respect, it being hardy, a profuse bearer in proper soils, and of a flavor that to a normal palate will give satisfaction. A large, handsome pear, buttery and melting, with sprightly, vinous flavor; keeps into mid-winter. Tree a vigorous grower and a good bearer.

Lincoln.—Fruit is all solid meat, usually no core or seeds; very large, sometimes weighing over a pound.

Louise Bonne.—Good size, greenish yellow, with a bright cheek. Sept. and Oct.

Duchesse Pear.—(Duchesse d' Angouleme.)

Standard and Dwarf.—What the Bartlett pear is as a standard, the Duchesse pear is as a dwarf. The Duchesse tree has a vigorous and healthy growth, and bears uniformly heavy crops of large and attractive fruit. There is no pear in existence which out-yields the Duchesse. The fruit is prized as a dessert fruit or for cooking. Like all dwarf pears, it should have the branches of the last season's growth cut back at least one-half every fall or in the spring before the growth begins. This is necessary to prevent the trees getting too tall and top-heavy. This cutting back also induces formation of fruit-buds and promotes early and abundant fruiting. While we recommend the Duchesse for general planting, we recommend other varieties in the same orchard. While the Duchesse blossoms produce fruit unaided by other varieties, it is suspected that all pears do better when different varieties are grown in the same orchard. An excellent commercial variety. It does well as a standard, but attains perfection as a dwarf. The fruit is large, greenish yellow, often russet; flesh yellow with white, melting, buttery and juicy. Ripens mid-autumn and later. It is a variety that finds a ready sale in market. We recommend it highly, especially as a dwarf. We urge our patrons to plant at least a few dwarf trees, because they will get quick returns. Every one wishes to see the fruit of this noble

pear. As a dwarf it makes a perfect tree, suitable for orchard or garden planting. We sell more Dwarf Duchesse than any other dwarf pear.

Lawrence.—Late Winter Pear.—Standard and Dwarf.

Size medium to large, obovate; golden yellow; flesh melting, with a pleasant, aromatic flavor. Tree a moderate grower and abundant bearer. This is one of the best winter pears and one that should be in every collection, whether for home use or market. It succeeds well either on the pear or quince. Though not over large and showy, its excellent quality and productiveness places it high in the estimation of all our pear growers. In ten or a dozen lists recommended by horticultural societies and leading horticulturists in different States, Lawrence is named as one of the best varieties. Season, December.



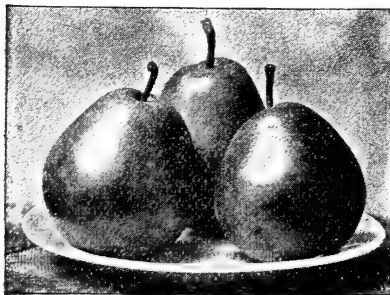
Clairgeau Pear.—Standard and Dwarf.

—Very large, pyriform shape; yellow and red; handsome and attractive; flesh yellowish, nearly melting; keeps sound a long time after gathering. Tree a free grower and early, abundant bearer; a magnificent and valuable market fruit. Its points worthy of note are beauty, large size, keeping and shipping qualities. Season, pick early in October and store until last of November.





Clapp's Favorite Pear.—Standard and Dwarf—A profitable early variety; a prolific and early bearer; does well on quince. Season, August, earlier than Bartlett. This is without doubt the most productive pear in cultivation. Every tree on our grounds, whether in the fence corner or in the cultivated orchard, bears profusely every year. The past season the limbs had to be propped up. Every limb was a veritable rope of pears. A splendid pear resembling the Bartlett and ripening a few days earlier; a cross between Bartlett and Flemish Beauty; the tree is hardy and vigorous, either as standard or dwarf. Care should be taken to pick the fruit ten days before it ripens upon the tree. This is a newish pear, very large, remarkably beautiful and a prolific bearer. *No collection is complete without it. Larger than Bartlett and has a handsome, red side.*



Flemish Beauty.—A large, beautiful, melting, sweet pear. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful; succeeds well in most parts of the country. Season, Sept. and Oct. Needs

an open, sunny location on well drained soil for best results. In reply to an inquiry from McDonough Co., Ill., the secretary of the Illinois State Horticultural Society writes: "If I could plant but one pear in your section it would be Flemish Beauty, as it will produce more bushels than any other kind. Kieffer is comparatively free from blight and promises well, but I have not seen enough of it to recommend it very positively. The Illinois State Horticultural Society recommends the following list: Tyson, Seckel, Kieffer, Flemish Beauty, and Howell.

PRICES FOR STANDARD PEAR TREES.—We offer our superior standard pear trees, first-class, two to three years old, 5 to 6 feet high, at 20c. each; \$2.00 per 12; 50 for \$7.50; 100 for \$15.00. Large size standard pear trees 25c. each; \$2.50 per 12; 50 for \$9.00; 100 for \$18.00. The above prices are for all varieties of standard pear trees except Bosc and Kieffer.



A FEW OF GREEN'S OFFICE CLERKS.

Vermont Beauty.—A beautiful new Seedling Pear from Grand Isle, Vt., up near the Canadian line. Probably the hardiest pear grown. Fruit medium size, not quite so large as Bartlett, but much larger than Seckel; skin yellow, nearly covered with bright carmine. A very handsome pear. Flesh melting and splendid quality; nearly equal to Seckel. It is certainly a beautiful and very valuable pear. The trees are very productive. Ripens in October, and being much larger than Seckel and nearly its equal in quality, and more attractive, it will certainly rate very high. Never has blighted nor winter-killed.

NOTE THIS LIBERAL OFFER.

Green's Fruit Grower.—Notice that when you pay us \$3.00 for a bill of trees, plants or vines, you pay for Green's Fruit Grower one year without premium, providing you claim this subscription when you pay your money. Notice that the price of Green's Fruit Grower is 50c. per year with premium, and that for \$1.00 we will mail you Green's Fruit Grower five years without premium. Notice also that when subscribing or sending in money for any purpose you send 25c. for a new subscription to Green's Fruit Grower from your neighbor, friend or relative, we will accept the same in payment for one year without premium.

Have you not a son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, or some relative or friend, whom you desire to present with a subscription to Green's Fruit Grower for one year, providing it costs you only 25c.? Green's Fruit Grower was established in 1881. It has more subscribers than any horticultural paper ever published in this country. It has a Health Department; also Poultry Department and Woman's Page. Send for free sample copy.

Dwarf Pear Trees.—Very scarce this spring. We offer the following varieties, description of which are under standard pears: Anjou, Bartlett, Buffam, Clairgeau, Clapp's Favorite, Duchess, Flemish Beauty, Howell, Idaho, Lawrence, Louise Bonne, Seckel, Vicar, Mount Vernon, Osman's Summer, Tyson, Vermont Beauty, Koonce.

Unless advised not to do so, we may, in the instance of Dwarf Pear tree orders, put in value in the smaller grades if the larger grade called for is sold when order is filled.

Prices for Dwarf Pear trees: 3 to 4 feet, 15c. each; \$1.50 per 12; \$12.00 per 100. 4 to 5 feet, 20c. each; \$2.00 per 12; \$15.00 per 100. 2 to 3 feet 10c. each; \$1.00 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

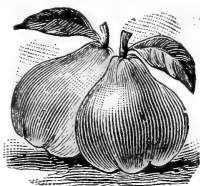
OUR FIRST CONSIDERATION—QUALITY.



Bourgeat Quince.—See cut.—This is the most remarkable of all quinces. There is no other variety which grows so vigorously, and there is no other variety of fruit which will keep so long in perfect condition. Trees of this quince grow as rapidly as an apple tree and attain the size and shape of an apple tree, while most quinces grow in the form of a bush. The Bourgeat quince bears at an early age, producing large crops of exceedingly large and handsome fruit, of a rich golden color. While it ripens soon after the Orange it keeps till past midwinter when desired, or it is ready to use at once on maturity. This is a remarkable characteristic, since ordinary quinces are of a perishable nature. The crop can be held in the hands of the grower or in the hands of the purchaser until the market suits his fancy. It has so far proved to be free from leaf blight, the leaves keeping green until killed by frost. Three bushels of fruit have been gathered from a ten year old tree. A lady writes that she finds it superior to all others for cooking quickly like apples. It has received first premium at the Massachusetts Horticultural Society and other societies. You cannot make a mistake in planting this variety

Price for large trees, 50 cents; medium sized trees, 35 cents each.

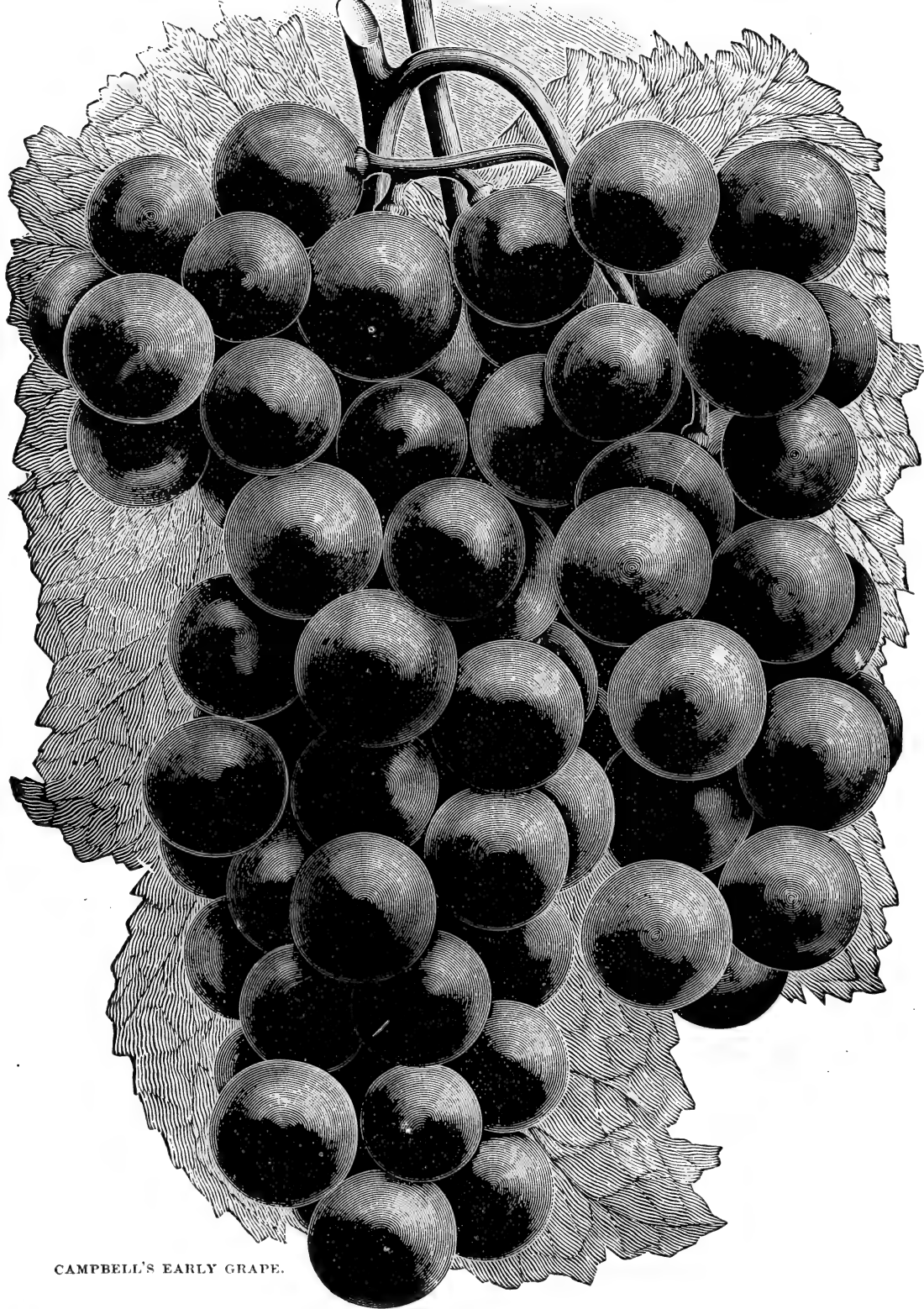
Alaska Quince.—The more we see of this quince the more we value it. It is a comparatively new quince introduced by us some years ago. Our special claims for this valuable new variety are its **early bearing, productiveness, earliness and hardness.** It is a beautiful quince in shape and color, and of a large size. Its equal has never been seen for early bearing. We have frequently noticed trees from one-year buds last season that were borne to the ground with one or more perfect specimens, while three-year trees were loaded. We marketed fruit picked from three-year-old trees in the nursery row. We offer this variety with confidence. Give good culture on rich soil and it will delight you. Price of Alaska quince, strong, branched trees, 3 to 4 ft., 25c. each; 2 to 3 ft. trees, 20c. each.



Orange Quince.—Its large, golden yellow fruit of fine quality is to be seen in more or less quantities in nearly every garden or orchard every season, as it rarely fails to produce a crop.

Price, for all but Bourgeat, 3 to 4 feet, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per 12; larger trees, 5 to 6 feet, 35 cents each, \$3.50 per 12.

Why Rochester Trees Are Best.—It is acknowledged that trees grown in the Lake Ontario region of Western New York have withstood the test of years, and when transplanted to every State in the Union, have proved of unsurpassed vitality, and given good satisfaction to the purchaser. The soil is especially adapted to tree growing, and the first thing noticeable to a stranger is the thrifty appearance and fruit bearing qualities of the trees in this location. Added to the great advantage of soil, comes the climate, and in no place within our knowledge is the temperature so even, or the sun so obscure in winter.



CAMPBELL'S EARLY GRAPE.

Campbell's Early Grape is a new variety of the Concord type, of great promise. It is one of the strongest growers, and one of the most hardy varieties. It ripens with Moore's Early, ahead of Worden; quality is good and it is a long keeper. Isadore Bush, the great grape authority, says: "Your welcome basket of Campbell's Early grapes reached me a week ago in fine condition. I am proud to have been, more than three years ago, among the first who recognized and extolled the great merits of this wonderful new variety and I could not add now anything to what I said then, except that I congratulate the originator for their merit in its continued success. Its long keeping and good shipping qualities are really marvelous and unequalled by any other variety, old or new; and I still believe that it is and will be the most profitable grape to grow. All I know and can influence I shall advise to plant and grow as many Campbell's Early as they possibly can. It is the best of all American grapes, the grape of the future." Price of Campbell's Early, for strong vines, 25c. each, \$2.50 per 12.

Worden Grape.—If you fail to plant Worden grape you will make a mistake. When it was first introduced it was claimed to be the same as Concord, since it resembles Concord in many respects. It is, however, much earlier than Concord in ripening and larger in size of berry. Its earliness of ripening is a strong point over Concord. It will not ship, however, as well as Concord, being tender in skin, but for home use I know of no grape of greater value.

Concord, Worden, Diamond, Niagara, Brighton, and others of this class which we offer are the cream of all grapes,—the best of the thousands that have been introduced.

Prices, strong vines, 10 cents each, \$1.00 per 12.



Concord Grape.—This hardy black grape has created a revolution in grape growing in the United States. Previous to the Concord there was no early ripening hardy variety of grape and no successful vineyards. I can remember the sensation caused throughout the country by the introduction of this valuable grape. There are few

fruits which have done so much for the vineyardist as Concord. In quality it pleases everybody, as do its vigor and productiveness and other qualifications. It seems to have no failing. There are more grapes sold from Concord than from any other one variety. Monarch of hardy grapes.

Price, strong vines, 10c. each, \$1.00 per 12.

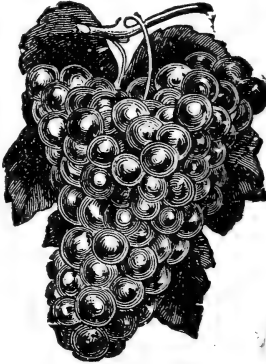
Green Mountain.—(Winchell or Clough.)—A very early white grape, of great promise. I saw it first at the Boston meeting of the Boston Pomological Society and was attracted by its beauty and fine quality. At the World's Fair there was a surprising display of this grape which attracted every grape grower.

Price of strong vines by mail or otherwise, 25c. each, \$2.50 per 12.

Grape vines mailed postpaid at the price each as given here, or if 12 or more are needed, if 10 cents is added to the price per 12.

Niagara White Grape.—Popular everywhere. Bunch medium to large, compact, occasionally shouldered; berry large, roundish uniform; skin thin but tough, pale green at first, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe, with a thin whitish bloom; flesh slightly pulpy, tender, sweet. Vine remarkably vigorous, healthy and productive; foliage thick and leathery. Ripens with Concord.

Price, strong vines, 10c. each, \$1.00 per 12.



NIAGARA GRAPE.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

Eaton.—Very large, black, good.

Brighton.—Red, medium, good.

Delaware.—Red, early, delicious.

Moore's Early.—Black, early, good.

Diamond.—White, early, good.

Price, strong vines, 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.

Fay's Prolific Currant.—A seedling of Cherry that originated in 1868, with Lincoln Fay. It was introduced about twelve years ago, and is now generally known. Its clusters are long and attractive, filled with large fruit, making it desirable for market where there is a demand for currants for dessert use. It is liked at canning factories for making jelly, or jam, on account of its large size, thin skin, and rich, juicy pulp.

Bush vigorous, but not as strong a grower as Red Cross. Its canes are somewhat spreading and not always strong enough to remain upright when weighted with fruit. The clusters vary from two

FAY'S

CURRENT.



and a half to four inches long. The cluster stems are long, leaving enough room between the wood and the fruit to make it easy to gather. The berries vary from medium to very large, averaging large. They are quite uniform in size, of good color. Pulp less acid than that of Cherry. Its average yield for the last three seasons has been four and seven-tenths pounds per bush. Price of Fay's 50c. per 12, \$2.50 per 100, for two year old plants.



White Grape Currant.—The largest and best white. Garden not complete without it. Bush moderately vigorous, slender, branches somewhat spreading, productive. Bunches three to four inches long. Berries quite uniformly large, but vary from medium to very large. Translucent whitish, attractive in color, mild flavored, good quality.

Prices for Fay's and White Grape Currants, 2 year, doz., 50c.; \$3.00 per 100, \$25.00 per 1,000. Two years old, medium size, doz., 40c.; \$2.50 per 100, \$20.00 per 1,000.

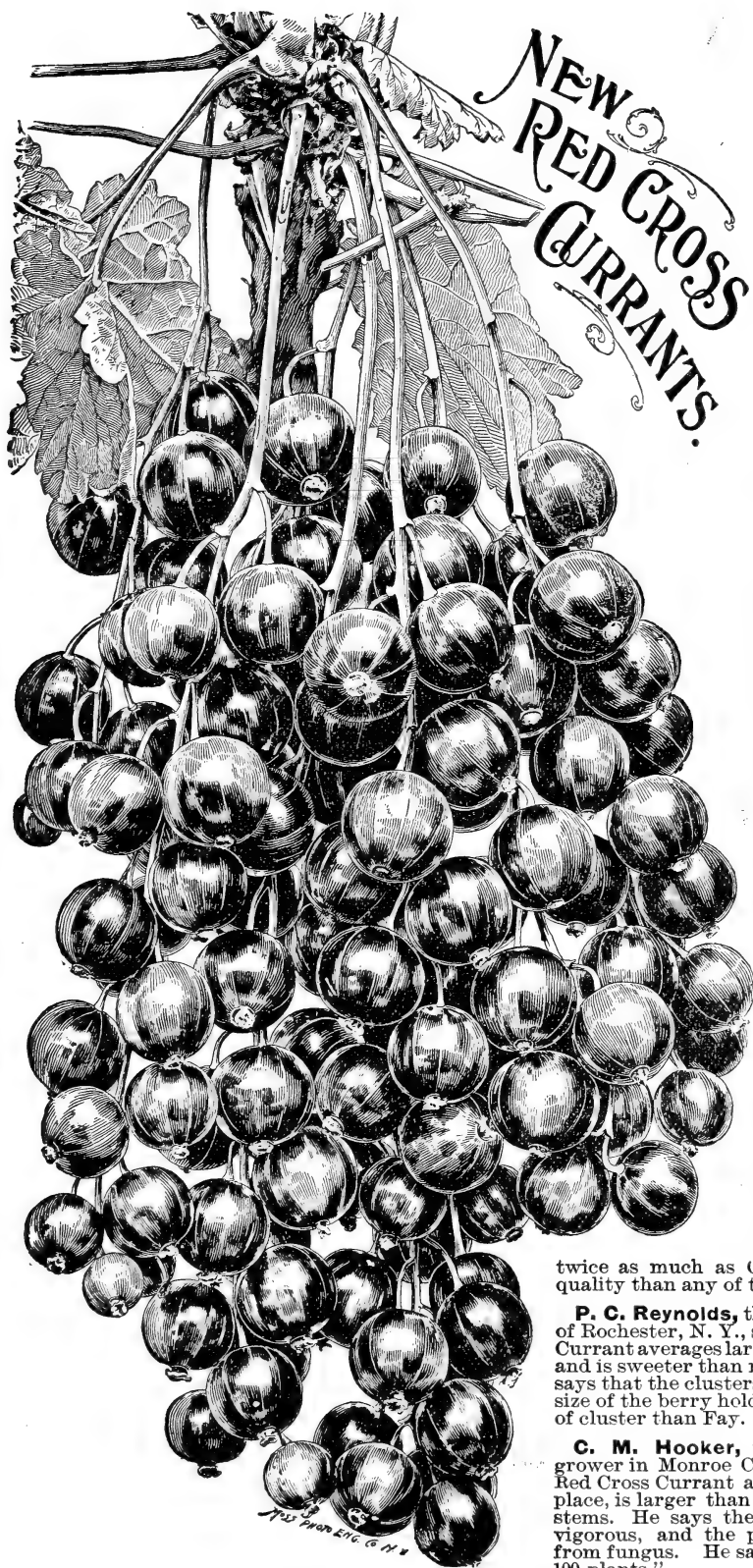
If desired by mail add 10c. per doz. to doz. prices. See last page for mailing plant list.

The North Star Currant.—The fruit does not drop off when it commences to color; but the berries adhere to the branch long after they are dead ripe. The North Star is of marvelously prolific growth. It made extra tall, heavy plants. It seems to adapt itself to all kinds of soil. The fruit is not large.

Price of North Star; 2 year bushes, 50c. per 12, \$2.50 per 100.

Cherry Currant.—This popular market variety is one of the largest red currants and is valuable for the garden. The Geneva Experiment Station says of Cherry: "Bush vigorous, stocky and compact in nursery. The young plants are upright, but with age they tend to become more spreading. It has a tendency to grow a single stock and does not sucker as freely as do most other kinds. There is also a noticeable tendency to imperfect buds at or near the end of shoots, especially on bearing plants. Sometimes two or three joints near the end of the shoot have no buds. This is one feature that distinguishes the Cherry from the Versailles. It bears its fruit quite close to the wood. The clusters are rather short, about two inches long. The fruit frequently varies, but averages large. It is not so uniform in size as Fay. The color is a fine, bright red, much like that of Red Dutch. Berry thin-skinned, juicy and fine flavored. On account of its attractive color and large size it sells well for dessert use and is also liked at canneries. It is generally conceded to be one of the most productive of the large currants. Season early."

Note prices: We offer 2-year-old Cherry Currants, 40c. per 12, \$2.35 per 100.



Red Cross Currant.
 Greatest of all currants.
Rural New Yorker says: "Red Cross is the best of all old or new currants for mid-season." N. Y. Experiment Station says it is large and productive. The masses of fruit were so dense as to completely hide the bearing canes from view. Jacob Moore says this is a peculiarity of the Red Cross. We have cut off some of the branches thus heavily laden and sent them to the Rural New Yorker, Country Gentleman, as well as to leading pomologists. These people have said to us they never saw anything to equal the Red Cross as shown by specimen branches. E. W. Reid says he is remarkably impressed with this variety, especially for its large size and productiveness, it being much superior to Fay's in every respect. We have picked stems of this currant seven inches long with 23 to 26 currants upon a single stem. It is the most vigorous grower of all currants we have tested. It seems as though this variety would create an epoch in currant growing. You cannot make any mistake in planting the Red Cross Currant. The plants we offer are well rooted and very strong. Now is a good time for planting currants, gooseberries and raspberries, as well as many other varieties.

Prof. Maynard, of Amherst College, (Hatch Experiment Station, Mass.,) says Red Cross Currant, as seen at Rochester, averages larger than Fay's Prolific, and is more vigorous. Jacob Moore, the originator, to whom we paid \$1250.00, saw it in fruit here and says it is twice as large as Victoria, will yield twice as much as Cherry and is of better quality than any of the older varieties.

P. C. Reynolds, the veteran horticulturist of Rochester, N. Y., says that the Red Cross Currant averages larger than Fay's or Cherry, and is sweeter than most other varieties. He says that the clusters are longer and that the size of the berry holds out larger to the end of cluster than Fay.

C. M. Hooker, the largest small fruit grower in Monroe County, N. Y., says that Red Cross Currant as seen at our Rochester place, is larger than Fay's with longer fruit stems. He says the growth is remarkably vigorous, and the plants healthy and free from fungus. He says, "Book my order for 100 plants."

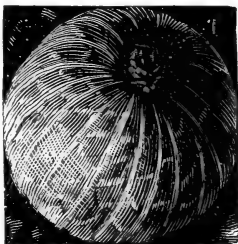
Notice Price: 50c. per 12, 50 for \$1.50, 100 for \$3.00, for one year old bushes. 12 for 65c., 50 for \$2.25, 100 for \$4.50, for two year old bushes, strong. Plants grown in tree form, 20c. each.



The Chautauqua Gooseberry.—A large yellow variety of American origin. Equal in size and beauty to Industry, and as productive. It is without doubt the best variety of Gooseberry ever originated in this country. The bush is a vigorous, stout, stiff, upright grower. The illustration gives a fair idea of its productiveness. Its leaves are large, glossy, and dark green; its fruit is of a beautiful light yellow color, perfectly free of spines and hair, veined and translucent, averaging in size 1 to 1½ inches in diameter, although we have often grown them 1½ inches long. It is rather thick skinned, but very sweet and of exquisite flavor. Our Chas. A. Green saw fruit of this variety first at the World's Fair. It made a wonderful show, surpassing all others. Since then we have seen it two seasons at the New York Experimental Stations. The bushes were a marvel of productiveness, and all the fruit large, and a beautiful yellow color. It has also fruited on our own grounds at Clifton, N. Y., several years, producing an extra heavy yield the past season, surprising everyone there, for after being used to the other American varieties, it was not expected that Chautauqua would so much eclipse them. It is truly a wonderful variety, and should be planted by everyone, for home use or market. It will not be long ere the fruit of the gooseberry will be general in the market. It is a delicious fruit and a fruit that everyone is fond of, a fruit that everyone could have if they had a garden or field. Last season we had several rows fruiting on our grounds in Rochester—and such fruit! So large that passers-by were attracted as they passed by in the distance. The rows in question yielded so well that there were lots to eat, lots to market, and these sold readily in the market at **6 cents per pound.**

Price of strong, 2 year bushes, 10c. each; \$1.00 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

Columbus.—Fruit very large, green, inclined to straw color, of excellent flavor, carries well to market. Bloom is well protected by early foliage, making it one of the surest croppers. We have fruited this variety several seasons, and on account of its productiveness, believe that every one of our patrons should have one or more bushes. Price, 15c. each, \$1.50 per 12.



Houghton Gooseberry.—Marvelous productiveness. The Houghton is planted extensively for canning. It is enormously productive. In bush it is prolific in growth and never mildews. If Houghton bushes are set too near together in the row, or the bushes allowed to grow very thick, they will still continue to be loaded annually with fruit. 50c. per 12, \$2.50 per 100.

GREEN'S NURSERY CO.: The trees, vines and shrubbery ordered of you this fall came duly to hand in prime condition. I have handled nursery stock for years and I must say I never saw better stock than I received from you this fall. The packing was excellent: the stock would have kept in prime condition for months in the packing boxes.
W. M. G., Spring City, Pa.

We issue a catalogue of Ornamental Plants, Vines and Trees, beautifully illustrated. It is mailed free on application.



Downing Gooseberry.—This valuable variety originated with Charles Downing, greatest of all pomologists. The value of Downing lies in its large size, fine quality, beautiful appearance, vigorous growth, and freedom from mildew. This variety is recommended as proof against mildew. Downing is free from spines, of a transparent color, tending to yellow; bush upright, keeping the fruit from the sand. Downing is enormously productive. Nothing in the way of fruit can be produced in greater abundance for family use or market. I have grown the Downing for years; have never known it to fail to produce a large crop, or to mildew; have found the fruit in great demand in market, but the market is poorly supplied with this variety. Surely planters of gooseberries have overlooked the great value of the Downing. Since plants of Downing can be produced in America, and plants of foreign varieties cannot, Downing plants can be sold at a lower price, which is another inducement for planting. In order to make the Downing gooseberry known to our patrons we mark herein perhaps the lowest price ever made for such strong, vigorous plants. An acre of Downing can be made to yield \$500. It is unsurpassed for canning. It is easily harvested by stripping the branches with a gloved hand, enabling the picker to gather many bushels in a day. The winnowing of leaves is done by an ordinary fanning mill, the same as beans. They can be shipped from Maine to California like marbles.—C. A. GREEN.

Price for 2-year-old bushes, first-class, 50c. for 12, \$2.50 per 100, \$25.00 per 1,000.
Chas. A. Green, Esq., Rochester, N. Y.

DEAR SIR:—I think I told you of the big yield my daughter had from five "Whinham's Industry" bushes; 16 quarts from each; at least the five yielded 80 quarts.

Yours truly,

W. E. BROOKS.



Industry Gooseberry.—An English variety which is being largely planted in this country. The Industry is marvelously productive and bears second if not the first year planted. It is very popular in England. One grower there picked 6,300 pounds of this variety from half an acre, realizing \$187.50. Had this crop been offered on the market in this country the amount realized would have been more. The fruit is of large

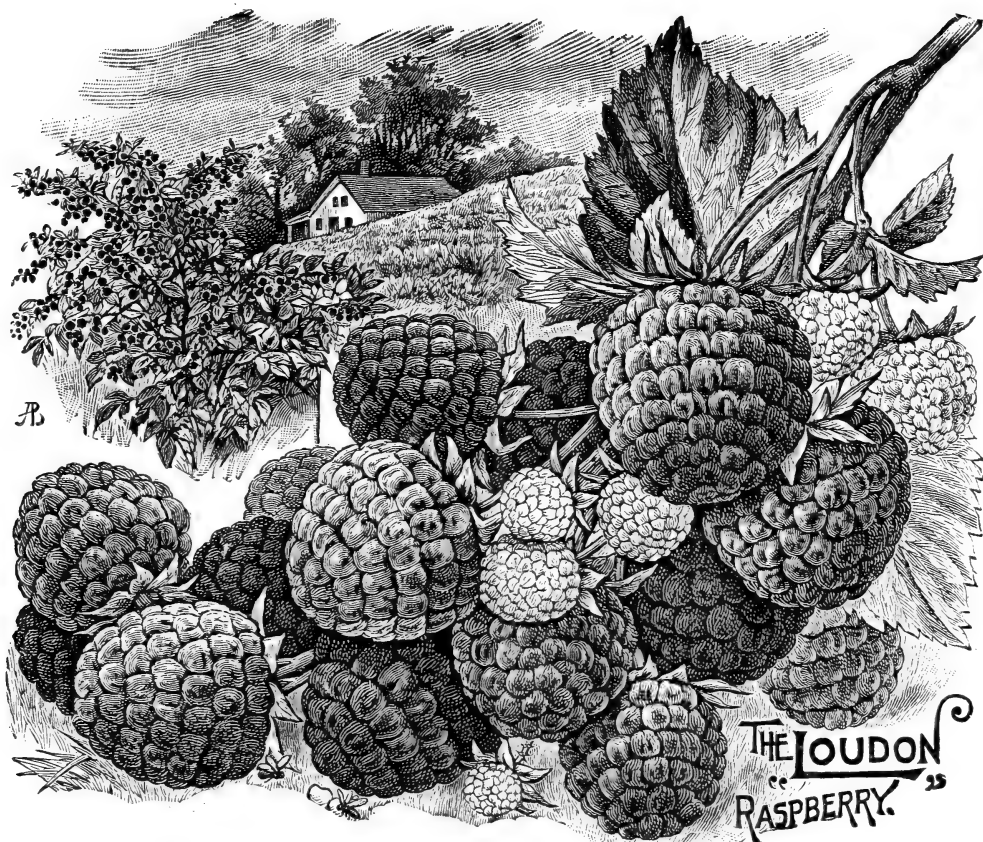
size; color, dark red. When making out your order for gooseberries do not overlook the fact that the Industry is a variety of large size, also that there is no risk to run in planting it, as it has been thoroughly tested in nearly every state in the country and is much liked everywhere. It is delicious for dessert; some prefer Industry to apricots or peaches. At Green's farm it bears heavily every year. We eat all we can and sell many bushels.

Price of Industry Gooseberry: Two year, strong bushes, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per 12, \$12.00 per 100.



The American Sweet Chestnut is adapted to a great portion of this country. It is valuable as a nut producing tree. Chas. A. Green fully believes that the American Sweet Chestnut is valuable in every point of view, fruit, timber and ornament, and is planting hundreds of trees in the nurseries. Price, 4 to 5 feet trees, 35 cents each.

A PLEASED PATRON IS OUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT.



The Loudon is the best hardy red raspberry on earth. Our hard winters have proved Loudon the hardiest of all. One of the most progressive fruit growers of Ohio says Loudon is a good shipper and will yield **200 bushels per acre**. This is the experience also of its originator, Mr. Loudon, of Wisconsin. It bears best on strong clayey loam, but succeeds well on sand. At our farm the size and yield was immense.

A. J. Phillips, Secretary of the Wisconsin Agricultural Society, says: "In productiveness it excelled any I have seen. One girl picked 112 quarts in 8 hours." Loudon yielded more fruit at Geneva Experiment Station than at our Rochester place—better culture there.

July 9.—The Loudon Red Raspberry is again in full bearing, the berries being somewhat larger than they were last year. "As judged at the Rural Grounds it is the best red raspberry in existence." —*Rural New Yorker*. It is hardy. We had $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres in an exposed position last winter, not protected. Every bush came out alive to the tip.

This is the most valuable new fruit of recent years. It has been tested over a wide range of country and has proved to possess the most valuable characteristics, which are hardiness of plant, firmness of berry, large size, bright color, vigor of plants and great productiveness. It is the product of a lifetime of labor and experiments on the part of F. W. Loudon, the aged hybridist, and is a cross between the hardy Turner red raspberry and the Cuthbert. Loudon is so bright in color as to make the Cuthbert look dim and dirty by its side.

Loudon was introduced by Green's Nursery Company at great expense. Gradually it has gained the confidence of the public. Last year the demand for plants was so great as to exhaust the supply long before the season for planting had closed. We received numerous orders from various parts of the country which we could not supply last spring owing to the fact that plants had been sold before the orders came.

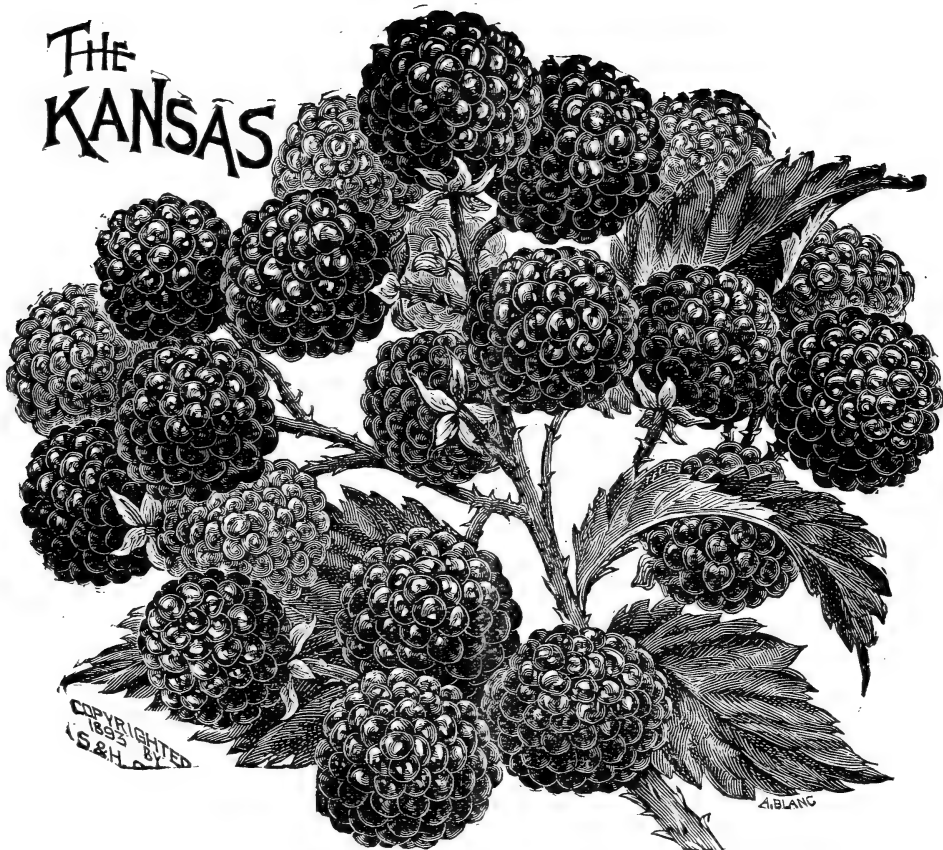
We are proud of having been the introducers of the Loudon Red Raspberry, monarch of its class the world over. There is no hardy raspberry so large, firm, bright crimson, and of such fine quality in existence on earth to-day. A man hailed me on the street yesterday. He stated that he had tested almost all the new fruits, and the best of all was the Loudon Red Raspberry, and he intended to plant a still larger field next spring.

The Hatch Experiment Station, Massachusetts, (Amherst College,) reports Loudon the hardiest and most productive, the best of all red raspberries. J. C. Bauer, of Arkansas, reports Loudon the best there. Stone & Wellington, of Canada, report it the best in Canada. The Geneva Experiment Station pronounces it the best with them. Reports come in from all sections of the United States, giving assurance that the Loudon is successful almost everywhere. Since we are the original disseminators of this variety, you should order plants of us with the assurance you will get the genuine. There are unscrupulous men who send out plants of new fruits that are not true to name. Prices for plants greatly reduced. We ship one plant, or 1000 plants by mail if needed. See last page in catalogue.

Geneva Experiment Station again reports Loudon the most productive red raspberry tested at the Station grounds the past season.

Price of Loudon Red Raspberry plants, first-class plants, 50c. per 12, \$1.50 per 100, \$14.50 per 1000.

THE KANSAS



Kansas Black Raspberry.—This beats the world for an early variety. It is of the largest size, vigorous, healthy and productive. It is a leading favorite at Green's fruit farm. When I was a boy, I delighted to gather the wild black raspberries, but in those days I never met with anything like the Kansas, nor have I in recent years. C. A. GREEN.

Read what a leading firm says: Kansas is a strong, vigorous grower, standing extremes of drought and cold, and bearing immense crops. Early, ripening just after Palmer. Berries size of Gregg, of better color; jet black and almost free from bloom; firm, of best quality; presents a handsome appearance, and brings highest price in market. Price, 35c. per 12; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000.



CUTHBERT RED RASPBERRY, REDUCED SIZE.

Cuthbert.—Cuthbert is a thoroughly good old variety. Until the Loudon was introduced there was probably no variety that compared with it as a home and market red raspberry. At the present day it is still grown for market; canes strong, rampant in growth, with large, healthy foliage. Berries large, dark crimson, firm and of good flavor. We sell Loudon plants at about same price as Cuthbert.

Price, 35c. per 12, \$1.00 per 100, \$7.50 per 1,000.

Shaffer's Colossal.—This raspberry needs no recommendation to bring it prominently before fruit growers, as it is well known and much liked both for home and market by every raspberry grower in the country. Price 50c. per 12, \$1.75 per 100.

Additional Varieties.—**Cregg, Palmer, Ohio,** doz., 35c.; 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$10.00.

When ordering raspberries by mail add 10c. to doz. and 40c. to 100 prices.

Columbian Raspberry.—A new variety much resembling Shaffer in growth of bush and fruit. It is a strong grower and productive. Columbian made a great record at Green's fruit farm this season. It yielded an enormous crop, which sold well. A neighbor who planted it says he never saw anything like it. It is a rank grower and beats all for a yielder. It is a purple berry like Shaffer.

Price of Columbian 50c. per 12, \$1.50 per 100, \$12.00 per 1000.



FINE EVERGREEN TREES FOR SALE CHEAP.

Cedar Trees.—(Am. Arbor Vitæ) for hedges or for ornament as single trees, splendid trees branching to ground. We offer these trees cheap as we have a surplus. Price, 2 to 3 feet, 10 cents each; \$1 per 12. Price, 4 to 5 feet, 25 cents each.

White Pine.—3 to 4 feet, 15 cents each.

Norway Spruce.—2 to 3 feet, 10 cents each; \$1 per 12. Smaller size for hedges, \$5 per 100.

HIGH CLASS POULTRY FOR SALE.

Send for Green's poultry circular.



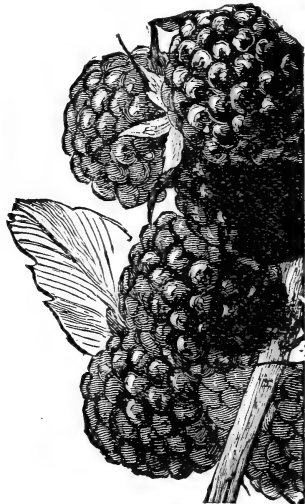
Conrath, the New Early Black-Cap Raspberry.—Conrath distinguished itself at Green's farms the past season of 1900. In Conrath we have united *earliness*, vigor, hardiness, large size and productiveness; qualities that will give it a foremost rank. It resembles Gregg in many ways, being probably a seedling of that variety, and the fruit retains its large size to the last picking. The canes are of ironclad hardiness, very prolific and make a good healthy growth. It is one of the best of the very early black-cap sorts, equaling Souhegan in all points, with the Gregg type of berry, being large, firm, sweet and good; free from the woolly appearance of Gregg. The fruit always leaves the stem easily, and may be gathered without crushing or breaking. Wherever it has been grown it has given great satisfaction, and we can recommend it as exceedingly valuable. Our attention has been repeatedly called to this new black raspberry. We have sent out inquiries to various parts of the country to learn how it has succeeded, and the reports without exception have been unanimously favorable. The peculiarities of this variety are, 1st, its earliness of ripening; 2nd, remarkable hardiness, enduring the severest winters; 3rd, firmness; 4th, superior quality; 5th, remarkable vigor and productiveness. Mr. Morrill, president of the Michigan State Horticultural Society, has planted the Conrath largely for market purposes. Price, 35c. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10.00 per 1,000.

The Nemaha Black Raspberry has excelled all other late varieties. It is being planted largely. The quality is far better than the Gregg. It is harder than Gregg. One remarkable feature and well worth mentioning is that for the past four or five seasons, while all other varieties were more or less injured by the dread disease Anthracnose, the Nemaha was not affected and bore full crops. The fruit is large and showy and finds purchasers in the market where other varieties are passed by. When it was first introduced plants were sent out mixed with spurious ones. This was owing to the oversight of the originator. We have taken great pains to have our plants pure. We fear that some unscrupulous men have sold Gregg for Nemaha. We are the introducers, buy of us and get the genuine.

Price of Nemaha: Dozen, 35 cents; 100, \$1.75.

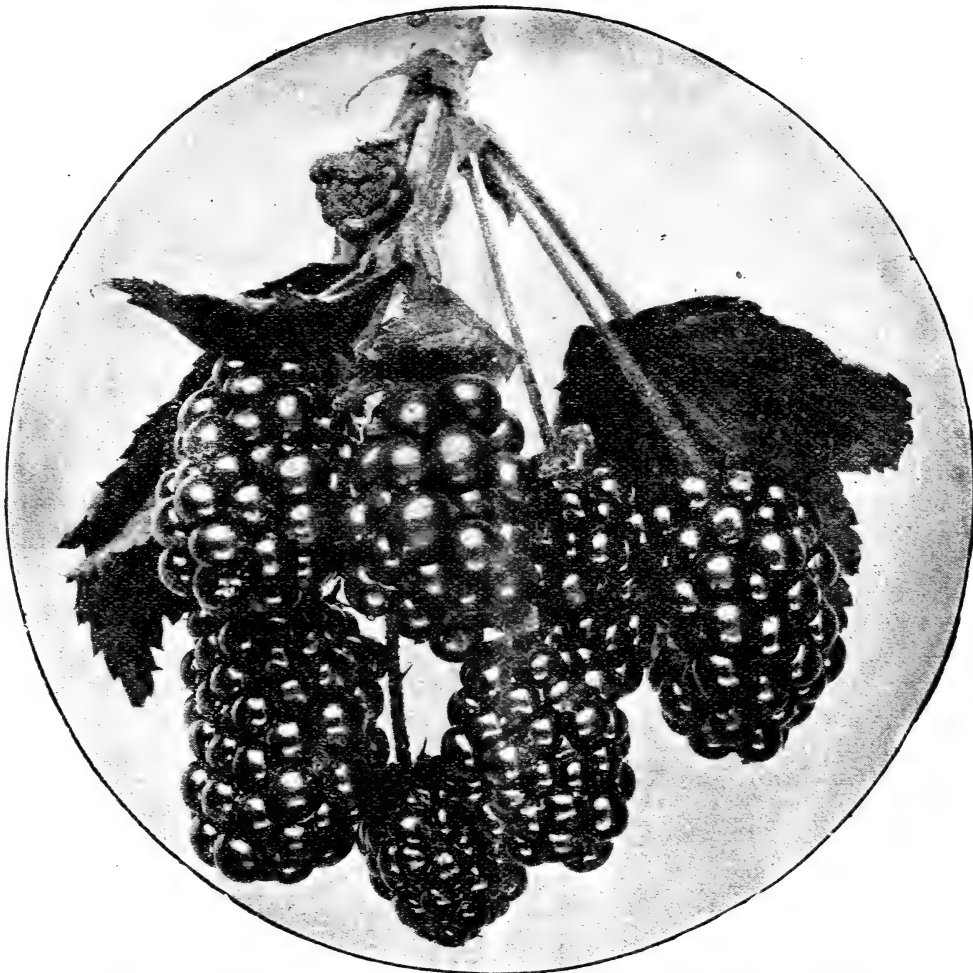
Raspberry Culture.—Nothing will delight the children more than picking raspberries. They may be planted 4 or 5 feet apart each way, cultivated both ways, but we prefer to plant in rows 7 feet apart, plants $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, and plant potatoes the first year in rows between. Raspberries succeed on all good soils, yet they should have one which is well drained. When planting the black raspberry plant, the top of root where new shoots start should be covered two inches with light, moist soil, and the soil about the roots trod firmly. Raspberries, both red and black, are among the most easily grown of any of the small fruits.

Eureka Early Black Raspberry.—This is one of the newer varieties, for which great claims were made from a number of experiment stations, when it had been tested. It has strong, stocky, free-branching canes, and is hardy and healthy; it is as early as Palmer, as large as Gregg, and as productive as both combined; better quality than either, holds its size to end of season,



and is a good keeper. Eureka has proved to be a valuable early black raspberry at Green's Fruit Farm.—C. A. GREEN. 35c. per doz.; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000.

GREEN'S NURSERY CO.: It affords me great pleasure to say that all the stock I purchased from you stood the freeze last winter at a temperature of 16 below zero without loss, while I lost 50 to 100 per cent. of my purchases from other nurseries. Some of the Kieffer pear trees you sent me in 1898 are loaded with fine fruit. One quince tree bears very fine specimens of fruit. In fact everything bought at Green's nursery has proved itself superior to any fruit stock ever before received.—J. M. L., Little Rock, Arkansas.



RATHBUN BLACKBERRY—NEW, BEST IN QUALITY, VERY HARDY AND VALUABLE.

Rathbun.—On account of its superior character those accustomed to the old varieties would scarcely recognize it for a blackberry. The plant is very vigorous, branching naturally, producing fruiting canes very freely and an abundance of large, luscious fruit. It "suckers" but slightly, the roots are strong and branching, penetrating deeply into the soil, a valuable characteristic in dry seasons and locations. The fruit is very large and handsome, intense black with a very high polish and without any hard core, juicy, high-flavored; of so superior a quality that it is in a class by itself. For table use, for canning or for culinary purposes it is equally desirable. It literally *melts in the mouth*. Price, 12 for 75c.; 100 for \$4.50; \$35.00 per 1000.



Agawam Blackberry.—Fruit of fair size, jet black, sweet, tender and melting to the very core; for home use it has no superior, being sweet as soon as black; it is extremely hardy and healthy and very productive. As an eminent small fruit grower says: "It stands at the head for hardiness, fruitfulness, and sweetness." No fruit garden should be without this excellent variety. Price, 50 cents per dozen; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.00 per 1000.

Minnewaska.—This wonderful, hardy, productive, good blackberry has not been forgotten by us,

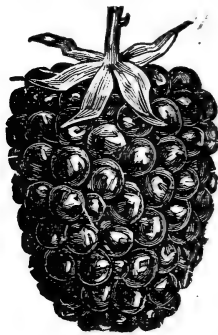
earliness, and continual bearing and productiveness. The originator told our Charles A. Green that on his three-quarter acre patch he picked forty bushels every other day for eight weeks. We went several hundred miles to see it, and found the bearing bushes tall and bushy, and the rows wide, and loaded with fruit in such a manner that even our imagination could not have done justice. Some of our friends were surprised when we published the report before—such an immense yield. We wrote the originator again concerning it. He says: "The secret of its great productiveness is that it is an enormous grower, and consequently a strong feeder, and that it is not content, as other blackberries, to bear on the tops of the bushes, but loads from the ground to the top, and we have our tops five to six feet high. We have picked an average of 700 quarts from 1,800 hills, since July 10th, and will continue until the middle of September. 1,100 hills, one year planted, have picked 250 quarts every other day for the same time." Price, 50c. per 12; \$5.00 per 100.

or our old patrons, although not offered last fall. Its principal points are hardiness, excellent quality,

We can ship Plants, Vines and Trees at any time during winter from our cellars by mail or express.



Eldorado.—A new variety of great promise.—The Eldorado has been cultivated 12 years, and under careful test at different experiment stations for four years has never winter-killed or failed to produce a full crop of the finest fruit. The vines are very vigorous and hardy, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. Berries are very large, jet black, borne in large clusters, and ripen well together; are very sweet, melting, pleasing to the taste, have no hard core, and keep eight or ten days after picking with quality unimpaired. This is among blackberries what the Loudon is among red raspberries. Price, 50c. per 12; \$2.50 per 100.



SNYDER.

Snyder Blackberry.—This popular, hardy and profitable blackberry is known everywhere and planted largely. Where varieties have entirely failed it proves itself entirely hardy. It is also grown in localities where hardness is not the prime and first consideration because of its productiveness and general adaptability to all locations. It is the blackberry for every fruit grower desiring to make a start in blackberries, but has not the means to buy the high-priced varieties. Keep the soil rich with barnyard manure

and wood ashes and no one will complain of the size of the Snyder. We have grown it for 20 years and shall continue to plant it, as it usually gives a good picking where many other varieties have failed. This is the standard early sort for the North and Northwest, and is very popular. This was the first of the hardy kinds that made a sensation over the country. With good culture they are large enough to gratify all. Like old dog Tray, it is ever faithful. The severest frost does not bite it. It will keep the wolf from the door. I have always been an admirer of this staunch old variety. I never saw a rusty cane among it. Season early; oblong oval in form; quality good. There are some varieties that produce larger fruit, but of the old standard varieties none that will insure better returns for a small outlay. Price, doz., 40c.; 100 \$1.35; 1000, \$12.00.

Taylor's Prolific.—Still a great favorite with us. As each fruiting season comes around, we regret that we failed to plant more largely of it. The past season its bushes were bent to the earth with the mass of fruit. Mr. H. B. Colby, of Merrimac, N. H., reports: "Taylor's Prolific Blackberry has been in my fruit garden for six years. It is perfectly hardy. We have cold waves in winter, and 20 degrees below zero is the lowest point at my hillside home, yet rarely is a cane injured. It is a strong grower. The berry is large, very sweet, with a rich, delicious flavor. It is an abundant bearer in supplying all the fruit wished for during three weeks. It has been all we desire in the blackberry. Its easy culture and abundant returns and sure cropping make it all the farmer needs." Price, doz., 50c.; 100, \$1.50.



TAYLOR.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES.

	DOZ.	100	1,000
Kittatinny	\$.50	\$1.50	
Erie	.50	1.50	\$15.00
Ancient Briton, very hardy, fine,	.50	2.00	

High Grade Poultry.—Send for our descriptions of Prize poultry. We offer for sale White Wyandotte, Barred Plymouth Rock, and Brown Leghorn cocks and pullets from prize winning strains; also eggs for hatchings at \$1 per 13. Price of S. C. Brown Leghorn cocks, \$1; pullets, \$1.50 each. Also White Wyandotte and Barred P. Rock, good breeding cockerels, \$2 each; pullets, \$2.50 each; trios, \$6. Eggs in season, \$1.50 for 13. Please favor us with your orders. Green's Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y.

STRAWBERRY CULTURE.—The strawberry is the poor man's berry because it bears at once after planting. No fruit on earth is so tempting as freshly picked strawberries. We advise for field culture to plant in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart with plants 18 inches apart (about 8,000 plants to the acre). For garden culture, rows may be 3 feet apart, or along the border of the paths, if room to cultivate or hoe. Some prefer the hill system, but generally the narrow row, with plants 3 to 6 inches apart are found most profitable. The soil should be made rich. Strawberries planted in the spring should be kept hoed or cultivated till winter sets in. At the approach of winter plants should be covered with a light covering of strawy manure free from weed seed, and a light furrow or shovel plow mark made between the rows to draw off surplus water, which is very injurious to strawberries during the winter or early spring. If you have no time to plant strawberries make time. It is my favorite of all fruits. It is the marvel of the world. There is no class of fruit which is as generous and appreciative of work done upon it as is the strawberry. It will repay the planter for any amount of intelligent attention. Thus the strawberry may yield 50 bushels of strawberries per acre, or it may yield 500 bushels; there is scarcely any limit to the amount.

Bubach. (P.)—Quite large; plants very robust; color, dark green; has never shown signs of rust or blight. We can recommend it for field culture, as well as for the garden; it is one of the best paying varieties. The fruit commands highest price. Old and reliable. Price, 25c. per 12, 75c. per 100.

NOTE—Do not order strawberry plants sent by freight. Oftentimes our friends order from 50 to 500 trees and 500 or more strawberry plants by freight. Now the trees should go by freight and the strawberries by express, or small lots by mail. In all cases when desired by mail, add postage at rate of 20c. per 100. Always state plainly that the strawberry plants are to be sent by express or mail.

How Many Varieties.—There are thousands of varieties of Strawberries. We do not deem it best to describe a large number, preferring to call attention to a few that seem to possess the most merit.

Van Deman. (P.)—This is a good early market or home berry. Berry, beautiful bright scarlet and so firm as to make it an extra good shipper. It is also a good sized berry and is very productive. Van Deman is C. A. Green's favorite for quality, yield, earliness and all other good qualities of the older kinds. A handsome, good variety. Price, 25c. per 12; 60c. per 100; \$5.00 per 1000.



THIS STRAWBERRY MARKS A NEW ERA IN BERRY CULTURE.

New Strawberry, Senator Dunlap. An Epoch Maker.—Matthew Crawford, the veteran strawberry specialist and authority says that Senator Dunlap is an epoch maker. It has not shown a weak point on my place. He says that he has tested it and finds it head and shoulders above all competitors. What the Wilson was in its day of popularity, Senator bids fair to accomplish now. It is an all round, rough and ready producer, sturdy plant and heavy cropper of best quality berries.

Dr. T. J. Burrill, Professor of Botany and Horticulture in the University of Illinois, says: "I have made, during the last two years, close observations upon this new strawberry. I now consider it an exceedingly valuable variety, and in all probability destined to become one of the very best for home and market purposes. The plant is vigorous, healthy, productive, almost rust-proof and apparently well-nigh drought-proof. The fruit is of good size, regular and attractive in form, deep red in color without and within, firm in substance, and excellent in quality. The latter is peculiar to itself. There is comparatively little acidity. Note the superb excellence of the fruit. Its season is among the earliest, and it continues productive nearly a month."

Prof. J. C. Blair, Assistant Professor of Horticulture in the University of Illinois, says: "I have carefully studied your Senator Dunlap strawberry during the past three seasons, and have compared it with eighty-two other varieties grown on the Station grounds, and do not hesitate to say that it has greater merit than any other berry with which I am familiar. The plants are exceedingly vigorous, with clean, healthy foliage which has no tendency to rust. The berries are very large, roundish conical, regular, with slight neck. In color they are glossy crimson, with the meat firm and solid, deep crimson throughout, and good in quality. It is a wonderfully productive strawberry. Altogether Senator Dunlap is the most attractive strawberry I know of and I predict a promising future for it."

Messrs. Martin Miller & Sons, prominent Illinois strawberry growers, say: "Senator Dunlap is a remarkable berry. The Senator Dunlap combines all the good qualities of the Warfield with the addition of being very much more productive, firmer, better flavored, and more attractive. We have never seen it surpassed for elegance and beauty, and we have grown strawberries for twenty-four years. It is large, conical and perfect in shape and blossom; a bright, glossy, deep red, and red throughout, which makes it one of the best for canning. The Senator Dunlap came through in good condition, while many of the Warfield were too soft to handle. We are so well pleased with it that we shall plant it exclusively next year. We predict a great future for the Senator Dunlap." Price 75c. per 12, \$3 per 100, by mail or express, \$25 per 1000.

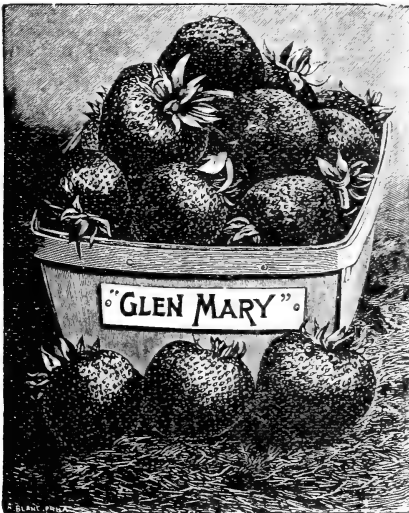
HIGH GRADE POULTRY.—Send for our descriptions of Prize poultry. We offer for sale White Wyandotte, Barred Plymouth Rock, and Brown Leghorn cocks and pullets from prize winning strains; also eggs for hatching at \$1 per 13. Price of S. C. Brown Leghorn cocks, \$1; pullets, \$1.50 each. Also White Wyandotte and Barred P. Rock, good breeding Cockerels, \$2 each; pullets, \$2.50 each; trios, \$6.00. Eggs in season, \$1.50 for 13. Please favor us with your orders. **GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.**

CORSICAN—BIGGEST STRAWBERRY ON EARTH.

GREEN'S BIG BERRY—CORSICAN.—This variety, which is far larger than any variety ever sold in the Rochester market (the headquarters for large fruits), came from Germany originally, mixed with other kinds. Our man has improved the variety greatly by selection. Since it has no name, we propose that our friends give it a name. It sold at Rochester for nearly double the price of ordinary strawberries. Mr. P. C. Reynolds, the veteran fruit grower, so long secretary of the Western New York Horticultural Society, writes as follows of the "Big Berry," not knowing at the time that we were interested in it: "A few days later I went to ascertain what had become of a large strawberry that I saw two years ago. It was brought home by a German who had gone back to fatherland on a visit, and seeing the berry brought back some plants. He called it *Triumph de Gand*, but it bore no resemblance to the genuine old favorite of thirty years ago. The plant struck me as very vigorous and the berry very large when I saw it before, and it impressed me in the same way this year. In our conversation, Mr. Jones remarked that a neighbor of his had sent out plants of the variety under his own name. Seeing berries at my grocer's called 'Big Berry,' I took home a box and became satisfied it was the berry described above. It was the largest berry that I saw in our market this year. Of a light scarlet color, quite regular in form, and of fair quality, but not so sweet as the old *Triumph de Gand*."

Price, 12 for 35c., 100 for 75c., \$5.00 per 1,000.

Our strawberry plants are grown on strong soil and are twice the size of cheap and inferior plants grown on poor land. Our other plants, also our trees, are superior to those grown on most soils.



Glen Mary.—One of the best varieties at our fruit farm. Large, productive, firm and good.—C. A. Green. It is the best berry for large size, good quality and productiveness that has ever been offered; recommended it for the home garden and near market. It is fairly firm and will bear shipment comparatively well. When Crescent will bring 6c. and Bubach 10c. per quart, Glen Mary ought to bring 20c. per quart if size and quality cut any figure in the price, and it is my opinion that for size, productiveness and quality the Glen Mary has no superior. One quarter of an acre picked at the rate of 1280 quarts per acre at a single picking and over 12,000 quarts per acre for the season without any petting or special attention

whatever. Twelve specimens filled a quart. *Rural New Yorker* says: "Glen Mary (Imperfect) June 7, largest ripe berries up to date. Good shape for so large a berry. June 9th, berry very large, firm enough for near market, about the shape of Sharpless. June 11th, large to very large. June 14th, a large yield of large berries of good form, broad heart shape, often widening at the tip; one of the most promising of our latter trials. June 17th, past its best. June 18th, still bearing a good many berries which hold their size unusually well. June 21st, still in bearing. Many of the berries are of the largest size."

Price, 25c. per 12, 60c. per 100, \$3.75 per 1,000.

Brandywine.—A very late and firm berry; a good shipper, good canner; a good all round strawberry. This strawberry is being largely planted, and much liked. In plant it is a luxuriant grower, healthy and early and very productive; blossom perfect; fruit large, of good form, bright red all over and good quality. Season medium to very late. It succeeds on any soil. The Delaware State Experiment Station reports Brandywine to be the best among those tested. We are planting more of this variety as we have no doubt but that it will fill a "long felt want" in the list of strawberries. Its lateness, color and other qualities will insure its being a favorite. Price, 25c. per 12, 60c. per 100, \$3.75 per 1,000.



McKinley.—Fruit of largest size. We have fruited it at our farm and city place the past two seasons and consider it very promising.

The plant is exceedingly vigorous and healthy, producing heavy crops of large, dark red, firm berries of good form; season medium. The cut was made by *Rural New Yorker*. At our place the berries were large and fine. We offer McKinley, extra strong plants. Price, 50c. per 12, \$1.00 per 100.

Strawberry plants mailed postpaid at doz. rates; add 20c. to hundred rates if desired by mail.



(P.) **Bennett Strawberry.** (Imper.) New. The plant is a joy to see, clean, strong, bright, deep rooting, and free from spots. I marketed my first Bennetts two days before my first Warfields, May 21, '99, and clear on through till the Gandys were done, June 15th. The very last berries picked were Bennetts. Nothing came earlier than the Bennetts, except the Michels, (about seven days), and the Crescents, (four days), and none lasted so long. In other years we have picked good, marketable Bennetts for five weeks.

The general shape is a perfect top, never blunt or rounded, like Clyde and Brandywine often are here, not long, pointed like the Haverland class. The first largest berries are sometimes squared flat across the point, like a big Marshall, but never rough nor seamed. The size is very regular, at first running as large as the largest; in mid-season, that large medium that I think the perfect size; and from then to the last about one-half as large, or about like the Warfield and Crescent in their mid-season; but big or little all run about the same shape and smooth.

Color.—The first berries were ready to pick for shipping May 21, and were then a deep scarlet. I left that row entirely alone for just one week. In the middle of the week those first berries were a glossy red, and at the end a deep crimson. At that time—May 28th—we picked them and marketed them with the rest, dead ripe and sound.

There is nothing on the list that ships better. That was one of the Bennett's chief recommendations to us here, before we knew of its other good points. My commission man says it carries as far and opens up best of all the firm berries. Seeds are prominent and flush with the surface. The calyx is of medium size, bright and healthy and does not detach from the berries readily when picking.

The quality is fine, considered by some the best, while others give a preference to the Marshall and a few other varieties of famous quality. Like the Marshall, the Bennett is red clear through. Price of strong plants, 50 cents per 12, \$2.50 per 100.



The Excelsior Early Strawberry.—This is a valuable, very early, perfect blossoming strawberry, coming from a man who has never sent out a poor variety, a cross from Wilson and Hoffman.

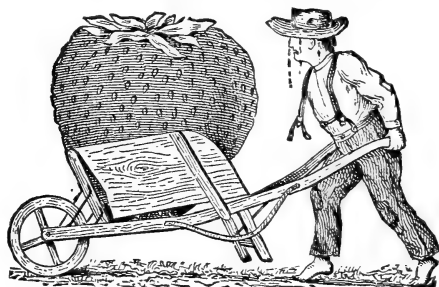
Jacob Bauer, the originator of Excelsior, is the originator of Van Deman, Bismarck and others, which have proved of great value. He considers the Excelsior the best berry he has ever originated, of large size, fine color, vigorous plant, firm, productive, and desirable for home use, or for market. At Green's fruit farm the Excelsior is remarkably vigorous, making plants freely, and showing no signs of leaf-blight or other drawbacks. We predict for this variety great popularity on its merits. While there are other new strawberries on the market, we have confidence that the varieties we are offering in these pages are not excelled by any. While varieties of strawberries do not thrive equally well in all locations, and in all soils and climates, those that succeed at Rochester, N. Y., seem generally to thrive well over a large section of the country.

Prices, 25c. for 12, 60c. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Rough Rider Strawberry.—New. This is a late variety that has done well at our Rochester, N. Y. place. The fruit is large and bright red. Plant is vigorous and productive. Well worthy of trial. It is a good, strong grower, producing vigorous plants. It is productive and the berries average large. The fruit is firm, of good, regular shape, without coxcombs, and is of good quality. The berries are remarkably firm; thus Rough Rider would seem to be a good shipping berry. The introducer says that Rough Rider is "the firmest, latest, best shipping, best keeping strawberry ever produced. Enormously productive and large." We see no reason why this should not become a popular variety. It has the merits of a good, late market strawberry. Price 75 cents per 12; \$3 per 100; \$25 per 1000.



A NEW STRAWBERRY—BUSH CLUSTER.—A big yielder of fine fruit. This is an early berry with habits of growth and fruiting similar to that of Parker Earle. Everybody knows that Parker Earle is a marvelous strawberry, but it made but few plants and therefore has almost disappeared from plant catalogues. It was, however, a very valuable variety. Bush Cluster makes but few plants, but rather more than Parker Earle. There are varieties which make too many plants, which crowd each other and cause the fruit to be of small size. Bush Cluster makes a matted hill, producing extra large size berries, which mature early. Plants of this variety can never be offered so low as other varieties, which propagate more rapidly. This is the first time this variety has been offered for sale. It comes from our friend, Mr. Bauer, who originated the Van Deman, Bismarck and Excelsior. I cannot remember any poor variety which this man has sent out. At Green's fruit farm we have rows of this variety quarter of a mile long that are looking vigorous and healthy. Price for Bush Cluster, 25c. per 12; 60c. per 100, \$4.50 per 1,000.



Jessie.—This is the best of the older strawberries for our grounds. It grows better than any other, produces more fruit and sells better. Our soil is medium heavy. We have also planted it on light black muck soil, where it gave excellent results. We would rather have 50 Jessie plants for our own setting than 75 of any other of the general varieties. This variety is named by nearly all strawberry growers as one of the best in a collection of three or four varieties for the home and market. Its season is early to medium. **Jessie is a perfect strawberry for those having only a garden spot.** Perfect flowering. On rich, loamy soil it is very productive, and the fruit is very large; 5½ pounds of fruit were grown from twelve plants of Jessie, thus yielding at the rate of 1,184 bushels per acre.

Mr. F. W. Loudon, in a recent communication, says: "When the Sharpless came out I bought a dozen plants which I used in all my crosses. It is the mother of the Jessie. The Jessie was put on the market at \$2 per dozen. Charles A. Green, who introduced it for me, expected the sales of the first spring would be about 10,000 plants. Instead they were 96,000, and would have been over 100,000

if we had not run out of plants. Since it was placed on the market, hundreds of parties have gone to growing seedling strawberries, and many excellent varieties have been the result. I am indebted to Mr. C. A. Green for his unique method in placing my productions on the market. He beats the world as an introducer of novelties."

Price for Jessie Strawberry, 25c. per 12, 60c. per 100, \$4 per 1,000.

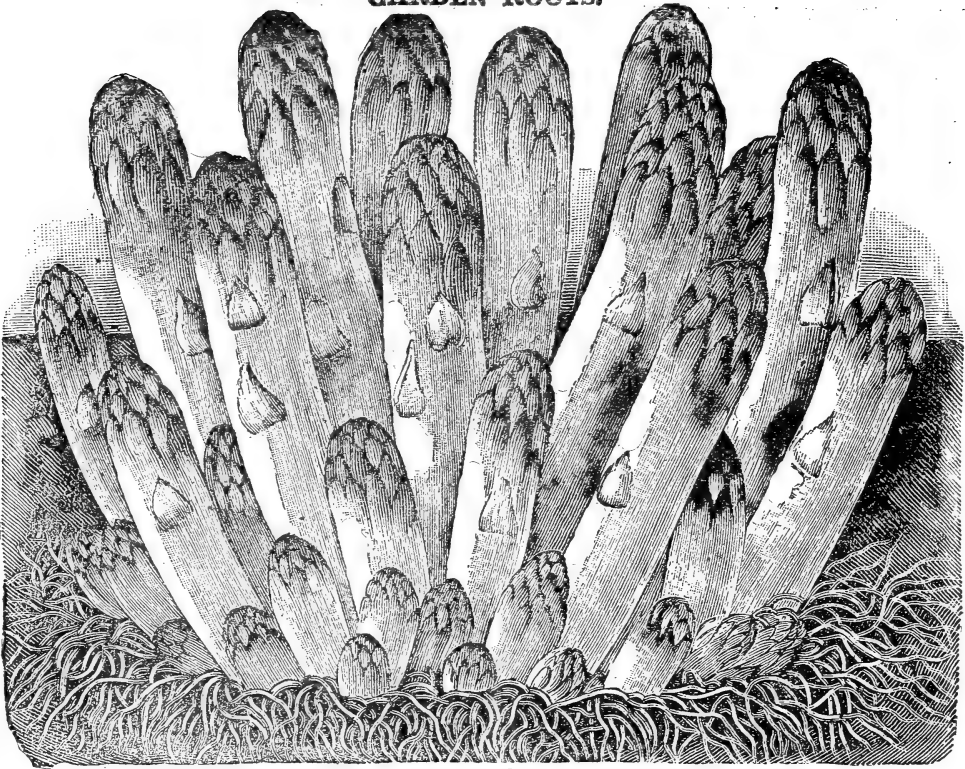
Our strawberry plants are grown on strong soil and are twice the size of cheap and inferior plants grown on poor land.

Clyde Strawberry.—Clyde made so many blooms this season it scared us, lest it had attempted more than it could perform and would have to go back on its record. But if we were scared then we were surprised when ripening time came. The crop of berries was something prodigious. The berries averaged large and were larger at the last than at the first. They were firm and well colored. Their bright scarlet is more attractive than crimson or darker shades of red. The flavor is certainly as good as that of any of the heavy berries. We fruited Clyde this year on rich land and poor, wet land and dry, and it did well everywhere. It has taken a secure place as one of the great market berries. Price, 25c. per 12, 60c. per 100, \$3.75 per 1,000.

Varieties with the letter "P" attached are not perfect flowering varieties and should be planted near other varieties, not having the "P" attached for best results.

High Grade Poultry.—Send for our descriptions of Prize poultry. We offer for sale White Wyandotte, Barred Plymouth Rock, and Brown Leghorn cocks and pullets from prize winning strains; also eggs for hatching, at \$1 per 13. Price of S. C. Brown Leghorn cocks, \$1; pullets, \$1.50 each. Also White Wyandotte and Barred P. Rock, good breeding Cockerels, \$2.00 each; pullets, \$2.50 each; trios, \$6.00. Eggs in season, \$1.50 for 13. Please favor us with your orders. Green's Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y.

GARDEN ROOTS.



CONOVER'S ASPARAGUS GROWING—2d YEAR AFTER BEING PLANTED.

Conover's Colossal Asparagus.—There is probably no vegetable that is so absolutely superb to the delicate appetite of the epicure as the first delicious cuttings of this early asparagus, and no vegetable more beneficial as an appetizer to persons of sedentary habits and it is difficult to account for its cultivation being so much neglected by the community at large. In country gardens it is more rarely to be found than any other vegetable, although so healthful and nutritious; yet every one who knows anything about gardening, having a plot of ground, should have an asparagus bed. This good old variety, well known everywhere; it is of large size, rapid in growth and of good quality. Grown on black muck land on our grounds at Clifton it is mammoth in size and continues to give good cuttings for a long season. You will get more satisfaction out of a bed of this delicious esculent than any other vegetable. Asparagus is equal to a dish of early green peas. Coming as it does so early in the season, it is especially valuable for home use and for market. The grass scarcely begins to grow in the spring when the asparagus is ready for our tables. It is not only appetizing and delicious to taste, but it is exceedingly healthful. After a dearth of such fresh garden attractions in the winter how attractive is the fragrant asparagus upon our tables; yet how rarely is it planted in our gardens.

Price, large 2 year plants, 25c. per 12, 75c. per 100, \$5.00 per 1000.

Palmetto Asparagus.—This is a large growing variety, particularly delicious in quality. No home garden can be complete without it. Asparagus is one of the greatest garden delicacies, coming in at a season when there is no competitor. When once planted this variety will continue to produce abundantly for a life time. It will do better with good cultivation, and rich ground, but will continue to grow and produce, even if left to grass and weeds. The plants late in the season are objects of great beauty, and are worth growing for their beauty alone.

Palmetto Asparagus is valuable for its healthgiving properties. It is also appetizing and is a rare delicacy on any table. We have a large bed at our Rochester place which has been producing for seven years, and it continues to increase each year in its productiveness. Last spring we set out additional rows in the garden, and still our family is so fond of this dish we have to call upon a supply from our farm in addition to that grown in our garden.

Price, strong 2 year plants, 30c. per doz., \$1.00 per 100, \$6.00 per 1000.

How to Manage Asparagus.—If you want nice white stalks, *American Gardening* gives this advice: "Have ground over the crowns of the plants as loose and mellow as possible and the plants hilled up. In cutting the stalks care must be exercised to avoid cutting the smaller shoots and buds. If the soil is as loose and mellow as it should be, the stalks may be gathered by running the finger down into the soil by the side of the stalk and breaking it off near the root crown.

One of the best mixtures to cover over the plants consists of a compost of muck and clear horse droppings, or perhaps rotted sawdust."

Horse Radish.—Price, strong sets, 20c. per 12, 60c. per 100. By mail, postpaid, at doz. rates.

Rhubarb, (Pie Plant.)—Price, extra strong roots, 8c. each, postpaid; 65c. per 12, \$4 per 100, by express or freight.

Sage, Holt's Mammoth.—Price, large bushy plants, that have been grown in the nursery row, 25c. per 12, \$1.50 per 100.

☛ If Asparagus is desired by mail, add 20c. per hundred to prices given.

NOTE.—Do not order strawberry plants sent by freight. Often our friends order from 50 to 500 trees and 500 or more strawberry plants by freight. Now the trees should go by freight and the strawberries by express, or small lots by mail. In all cases when desired by mail add postage at rate of 20c. per 100. Do not write mail orders on same sheet as freight or express orders. Always state plainly that the strawberry plants are to be sent by express or mail. ☛ Strawberry plants mailed postpaid at dozen prices, but if 100 lots are desired by mail add 20c. to 100 prices for postage.

PLANTS AND TREES BY MAIL.

POSTPAID AT PRICES ATTACHED.

Perhaps you do not know that we send plants and trees safely by mail.

THE FACTS ARE WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MAILING all varieties of small fruit plants as listed in this Catalogue, and also some trees and shrubbery, bulbs, nuts, etc.

It is especially to meet the needs of those who live in distant states that our mail order department has been planned. We have so satisfactorily served our patrons during the past twenty years, that this line of patronage is rapidly increasing.

No Matter How Distant your home may be from Rochester, we can serve you well. We have many letters from patrons in the Pacific Coast States testifying to good treatment.

Our Mail Order Plants and trees are flourishing in localities where the smoke of the railroad engine is never seen, and at other distant points where railroad charges would deter even wealthy men from ordering.

We Fill 10 Cent Orders by mail and \$10 ones. Stock is guaranteed to reach you in good condition. We can mail plants (except strawberries) from January until June, and strawberry plants from March until June.

Please Note that in this list of plants by mail we do not name every variety, but only the leading and best—but we can send by mail *any fruit plants* offered in body of this Catalogue, but have no trees in mailing size unless named in this mailing list.



PEACH TREES BY MAIL. Not stunted trees, but first-class June budded, excellent in every way for long shipment and successful planting. We have mailed these in years past to valleys of the western mountains, and other distant sections, where their success has led to the planting of thousands of acres of trees in regions where it was not known that peaches could be grown.

VARIETIES OF PEACH.—Champion, Elberta, Crosby, and Early Crawford. Price, postpaid, 8c. each; 80c. per 12.

PEAR TREES. (Standard. Strong trees, heavily rooted)—Bartlett, B. Clairgeau, B. de Anjou, Clapp's Favorite, Seckel, Sheldon, Kieffer, Wilder Early, 18 cents each, 10 for \$1 50. See pages 19-21.



HARDY CHERRIES. Strong branched trees, heavily rooted. E. Richmond, English Morello, Dyehouse, Montmorency and L. Phillippe; 25 cents each.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS BY MAIL. We mail many thousands every season. We can send you any varieties as offered in body of Catalogue at prices postpaid as given by the dozen, and at 100 rates, if 20c. is added per 100. 6 at 12 price, 50 at 100 price. Our leaders are: Senator Dunlap (new) 50c. per 12. Rough Rider (new) \$1.00 per 12. Corsican (Big Berry) 35c. per 12, 95c. per 100. Jessie (our old favorite) 25c. per 12, 80c. per 100. Brandywine (the good late) 25c. per 12, 80c. per 100. These are leaders. See strawberry pages 36, 38 for other varieties.



AMERICAN SWEET CHESTNUTS can be grown successfully if young trees are planted. We offer a nice lot of 1 yr. perfect trees, by mail at 10c. each; 75c. per 12. Butternuts, Black Walnuts, 12c. each tree.



RED CROSS CURRANT. The best red currant. We have 50,000 strong 1 yr. mailing size plants now ready to send out. Price, 6c. each; 60c. per 12; \$4.50 per 100, postpaid. See page 26.

Cuttings of Red Cross, 10c. per 12; 75c. per 100.

ASPARAGUS. Palmetto and Conover's Colossal, 25c. 12; \$1.00 per 100. See page 33.

RHUBARB. 6c. each; 65c. per 12.

HORSE RADISH. Sets, 15c. per 12; 60c. per 100.

SAGE. 4c. each; 45c. per 12; special, transplanted heavy roots, 12c. each. We can supply you by dozens or by thousands, all fine plants and sets.

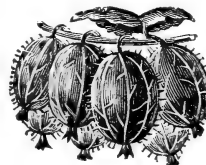
GOOSEBERRIES BY MAIL. Chautauqua (the largest good yellow American variety) 10c. each. Industry, (red) 20c. each. Downing and Houghton, 6c. each; 65c. per 12.

BLACK RASPBERRIES. Kansas, Conrath and Nemaha. Early, medium and late, ripening in order as given. 40c. per 12, postpaid. See page 31.

Rathbun. A new blackberry wanted by everyone. Planted largely now. See previous pages for full description of this marvelous variety. Price for root cutting plants, 75c. per 12, by mail. For other varieties see blackberry page 33.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY GRAPE.

A new grape, black, early. A variety that we can offer with all confidence that it will more than please every one who plants. We have thousands of well rooted vines to mail. Price, 25c. each; \$2.50 per 12; postpaid. For other grapes see previous pages 24, 25.





Orders packed ready for mailing prepaid at prices named on these pages.



RED RASPBERRIES. Loudon, (the best) 5c. each; 45c. per 12; \$1.85 per 100.

FLOWERING VINES, ETC.

CLEMATIS. Jackmanni (purple) 40 cents. Henryii (white) 40 cents.

Paniculata (white) 40 cents each.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII. Each, 30c.; doz., \$3.

VIRGINIA CREEPER. Each, 10c., doz., 75c.

TRUMPET FLOWER. Each, 10c.; doz., \$1.00.

HONEYSUCKLE. Each, 15c.; doz., \$1.50.

WISTARIAS. (Purple) each 25c.

PÆONIES. 35c. each. **DAHLIAS.** 20c. each.

PEARL TUBEROSE BULBS. 8c. each; 50c. per 12.

GLADIOLUS. We offer 10,000 fine bulbs, mixed colors, guaranteed to please, 6 for 10c.; 12 for 15c.; 25 for 35c. and 100 for 75c.

A choice selection of Gladiolus, 6 for 25c.; 12 for 40c.

NEW AND RARE DAHLIA BULBS.—We offer a rare and valuable collection of the newest and best varieties of Dahlias, but have not space in the catalogue to describe the various varieties fully. We can supply the following varieties: **Decorator**, variegated pink and white. **Lancelot**, brick red, attractive, free bloomer. **Robin Adair**, rich maroon. **Margaret**, deep purple, brilliant pompon style. **Herbert Turner**, rich, cream color, shaded on tips of petals to lavender. **Mrs. Benant**, pink white, large showy flower. **Catharine**, Clear bright yellow, pompon flower. **Sprig**, Mixed purplish lavender, with pale yellow center. **Antietam**, intense red, shaded darker. **Mrs. Monroe**, rich yellow, blended to cream color. **Princess Harry**, rich cream, lightly tinted with pink. **William Agnew**, grandest red cactus ever produced. **Rev. C. W. Bolton**, one of the finest new show and fancy dahlias. **May Lomas**, new show and fancy. **Livoni**, best clear, soft pink for show and fancy. **Mrs. Browning**, purest yellow type with cream. **Penelope**, pure white flaked with lavender. **Uncertainty**, pinkish white, mottled with carmine and crimson maroon. **Leila**, light pink mottled with crimson. **Black Prince**, cactus dahlia, velvet maroon. **Henry Patrick**, cactus dahlia, pure white. **Nymphæa**, cactus dahlia; awarded Silver Medal by American Dahlia Society at Philadelphia. **Keystone**, pink striped with crimson. **Lemon Giant**, large, lemon color. **C. W. Burton**, finest cactus dahlia ever produced. **Langtry**, cream, peach and purple. **Enchantment**, a single dahlia, red and yellow.

Price of above dahlias 15c. each; \$8.00 per 100. Price of dahlia bulbs in valuable mixed assortment, 10c. each; \$5.00 per 100, by express only. For dahlias by mail add 5 cents each for postage.

PEARL TUBEROSE BULBS.—The Tuberose is one of the choicest of flowers, none more fragrant and few more beautiful. This variety is characterized by its short, robust stem and long spike filled with beautiful, large, perfectly double flowers of most delicious fragrance. Spikes frequently bear 30 to 50 flowers, remaining in bloom for a long time. They are always wax-like, pure white and are unsurpassed for button-hole bouquets. Bulbs can be planted from April to June in pots or the open ground. Plant three inches deep in good, rich soil and do not allow them to overrun with weeds or other plants if you desire them to bloom early. Price, large flowering bulbs, 5 cents each; 10 for 30 cents; 100, \$2.00.



MAGNIFICENT DAHLIAS.

We offer the newest and best varieties on earth. Also older varieties at low prices. They are easily grown and admired by all.

ROSES. Our strong 2 yr. hardy roses as offered in body of Catalogue, we will mail postpaid at 25c. each. **Crimson Rambler**, the new rose, at 30c. each.

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All above named items are exceedingly strong, well rooted, and much larger than could reasonably be expected by mail.



Parties in ordering, will oblige us by using this sheet, being careful to fill the spaces correctly. Before writing out the order, please see advice on ordering, see page 1. See other side for mail order sheet.

Name,	P. O. Order, \$
Post Office,	Draft, - -
County,	Cash, - -
State,	Total, \$

Express Office,..... Freight Station,.....
Express Co.,..... Railroad.....

[illegible]

MAIL ORDER SHEET.

GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.—Please send by mail to address given as below.

Name, P. O. Order, \$.....

Post Office, Stamps, " "

County, Cash, - -

State, Total, \$.....

See Other Side for Express or Freight Order Sheet.

[illegible]

DON'T MISTAKE. *This is the order sheet to use when you desire plants, etc., by Mail. (See last page for list.) If you desire plants and trees by Express or Freight, see other side.*
GREEN'S NURSERY CO., Rochester, N. Y.

We Want to Receive Your Order by March First.

READ OUR INDUCEMENT FOR ORDERING TREES, ETC., THUS EARLY.

All who send in their orders for trees, plants and vines to Green's Nursery Company on or before March first, 1901, will receive Green's Fruit Grower for one year without any further payment than they make with their order for trees, etc., providing they mention this liberal offer when sending in their order; also, providing their order amounts to three or more dollars.

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Notice hints for beautifying the home grounds and one thousand and one other helpful suggestions.

GREEN'S FRUIT GROWER, Rochester, N. Y.

PRICE LIST AND INDEX.

APPLES.—For description see pages 14 to 18.

	EACH.	DOZ.	100
General Varieties 2 to 3 years old, 5 to 6 feet, - - - - -	18c.		
General Varieties 2 to 3 years old, 6 to 7 feet, - - - - -	20c.		

ASPARAGUS.—Page 38.

25c.

BLACKBERRIES.—Pages 32 to 33.

CHERRIES.—For description see pages 11 to 13.

General varieties 2 year, medium size, - - - - -	25c.		
General varieties, large size, - - - - -	30c.		
Green's Tartarian, large size, - - - - -	35c.		
Green's Tartarian, medium size, - - - - -	50c.		

CURRENTS.—Pages 25 to 26,

COOSEBERRIES.—Pages 27 to 28,

GRAPES.—Pages 24 to 25,

10c. to 25c. each.

MAILING LIST.—Pages 39 to 40,

MULBERRIES.—Page 18,

20c. to 25c. each.

QUINCES.—For description see page 21.

General varieties, 3 to 4 feet, - - - - -	20c.	\$2.00	
General varieties, 4 to 5 feet, - - - - -	35c.	\$3.50	
Bourgeat Quince, - - - - -	50c.		

RASPBERRIES.—Pages 29 to 31,

STRAWBERRIES.—Pages 33 to 37,

PEACHES.—For description see pages 7 to 10.

General varieties, - - - - -	12c.	\$1.25	\$9.00
Niagara, large size, - - - - -	50c.	\$5.00	
Niagara, medium size, - - - - -	40c.	\$4.00	

PEARS, STANDARD.—For description see pages 19 to 22.

General varieties, first class, 2 to 3 years, - - - - -	20c.	\$2.00	\$15.00
General varieties, first class, large size, - - - - -	25c.	\$2.50	\$18.00
Bosc, first class, - - - - -	50c.		

PEARS, DWARF.—For description see page 22.

General varieties, 2 to 3 years, 3 to 4 feet, - - - - -	15c.	\$1.50	\$12.00
General varieties, 2 to 3 years, extra size, - - - - -	20c.	\$2.00	\$15.00
General varieties, 2 to 3 years, small size, - - - - -	10c.	\$1.00	\$8.00

PLUMS.—For description see pages 1 to 6.

York State Prune, first class, 4 to 5 feet, - - - - -	30c.	\$2.50	
York State Prune, first class, 5 to 6 feet, - - - - -	35c.	\$3.50	
Japan general varieties, first class, medium size, - - - - -	20c.	\$2.00	\$16.00
Japan general varieties, first class, larger size, - - - - -	25c.	\$2.50	\$18.00
Japan general varieties, first class, 3 to 4 feet, - - - - -	15c.	\$1.50	
Native varieties, 3 to 5 feet, - - - - -	15c.	\$1.50	\$12.00

HIGH GRADE POULTRY.—For correct prices see page 17; all other pages contain an error in prices.



FANNY APPLE.

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